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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 212 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

USE PURE AND GENUINE SHREE VISHNU BRAND SAFFRON
TELEGRAMS: "SANSKRIT" TELEPHONE: 24784.
VARJIWANDAS HIRJEE & CO.,
240, VADGADI, MANDVI, BOMBAY 3.

RECEIVED IN BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC

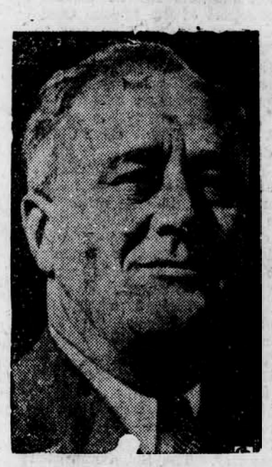
Anglo-American Deal: Blow To Hitler

Air & Naval Bases For 50 Destroyers

ROOSEVELT'S MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

Epochal Agreement To Ensure Security Of Americas

PREMIER CHURCHILL: He got 50 destroyers for his Navy.



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT: He got Air and Naval bases for America's safety.

WASHINGTON, September 3.

PRESIDENT Roosevelt notified the Congress of an agreement between the United States and Great Britain under which the United States will get the lease of naval and air bases in British possessions in north and south Atlantic and transfer of fifty over-age destroyers to Britain.

The United States will acquire naval bases in Newfoundland and the Islands of Bermuda, Bahamas, Jamaica, Saint Lucia, Trinidad, Anitgua and in British Guina.

"Rights to bases in Newfoundland and Bermuda are gifts generously given and gladly received," President Roosevelt said.

The other bases mentioned have been acquired in exchange for fifty over-age destroyers.—Reuter.

Dynamite WORKS Bombed!

R. A. F. Attacks On New Target In Italy-Germany

LONDON, Sept. 3.

Heavy explosions and distant gunfire in the direction of Calais and Boulogne were heard by the people of Kentish coast towns this evening. It is believed that R.A.F. is making a surprise attack on the guns and shipping in the vicinity of these ports.

New targets in Germany and Italy were attacked by aircraft of the bomber command last night, states an Air Ministry communique. Dynamite works at Schlebusch, north-east of Cologne and the important railway junction at San Pierd area at Genoa were heavily bombed. Other aircraft attacked electric power station at Genoa, oil installations at Ludwighaven and Frankfurt, Bosch ignition plugs factory at Stuttgart for the second night in succession, Bayer explosives works near Cologne, Dortmund—ems canal, the French port of Lorient and gun emplacements at Cap Gris Nez. Two of our aircraft were lost in these operations.

Coastal command aircraft bombed supply ships at sea off the Dutch coast yesterday and another supply ship in the Norwegian harbour on the Sogne Fjord and also brought down a Dornier flying boat in the sea. attacks were made on oil tanks at Flushing and the harbour at Ostend. One aircraft has not returned.—Reuter.

BUNA RETREAT CONFIRMED

LONDON, Sept. 3.

It is confirmed that British forces have retired from Buna on the Kenya frontier southward.

The reasons for the British withdrawal from Buna were explained by a military authority in London. The water supply there was sufficient only for a small force. The small garrison faced by a numerically superior body risked being isolated from its supports, as the position could be outflanked with greatest ease.—Reuter.

MALTA:—A strong formation of enemy aircraft approached Malta at midday yesterday but turned back before crossing the coast line, no bombs being dropped.—Reuter.

(For earlier reports see Page 10.)

EPOCHAL ACT

President Roosevelt in a message to the Congress announcing the Anglo-American agreement declared: "It is not inconsistent in any sense with our status at peace: still less is it a threat against any nation. It is an epochal and far-reaching act in preparation for continental defence in the face of grave danger. Preparation for defence is an inalienable prerogative of a Sovereign State and under the present circumstances, this exercise of sovereign right is essential for the maintenance of our peace and safety.

ESSENTIAL FOR SECURITY

This is the most important action in the reinforcement of our national defence that has been taken since the Louisana purchase under which the United States acquired from Napoleon the Great the embryo French Empire west of the Mississippi. Then, as now, considerations of safety against attack from overseas were fundamental. The value to the Western Hemisphere of these outposts of security is beyond calculation.

LONG-FELT NEED

The need for them has long been recognised by those primarily charged with the duty of charting and organising our own national, naval and military defence. They are essential to the prosecution of the Panama Canal, Central America and northern portion of South America and also Canada, Mexico and our own eastern and Gulf of Mexico seaboards and their consequent importance in the defence of the Hemisphere is obvious. For these reasons I have taken advantage of the present opportunity to acquire them."

The President enclosed in his message to the Congress an opinion by the Attorney-General, Mr. Robert Jackson, dated August 27 with regard to his authority to consummate the Agreement.

It is stated that here no action of the Congress would be necessary to put the Agreement into effect.

Move For More Bases

President Roosevelt dropped what appeared to be a hint that further history-making steps might be taken to provide additional distant bases to protect the Western Hemisphere.

Asked if the Agreement might lead to the postulation that a base would be established in Greenland, President Roosevelt replied that he thought that reporters should refrain from writ-

(Continued on page 4 Col. 7.)

NAVAL TREATY SIGNED

LONDON, Sept. 3.

It is officially announced in London that an Anglo-American Naval Treaty has been signed in Washington yesterday and provides for immediate transfer to Britain of fifty United States destroyers.

99 YEARS LEASE

Britain will make available to the United States on 99 years' lease certain naval and air facilities in British territory on the seaboard of the North American Continent.

MUTUAL DEFENCE

Notes accompanying the agreement make clear that the British Commonwealth and the United States have evolved during the negotiations a practical method of contributing materially and effectively to each other's defence requirements.

"Reuter" learns that British crews will bring the destroyers across the Atlantic.—Reuter.

NOTES EXCHANGED

The text of note from Lord Lothian to Mr. Cordell Hull dated September 2 informs the latter that "in view of the basis of friendship and sympathetic interest of His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom in the national security of the United States and their desire to strengthen the ability of the United States to co-operate effectively with other nations of the Americas in the defence of the Western Hemisphere, His Majesty's Government will grant the United States freely and without consideration lease for the immediate establishment of naval and air bases and facilities for entrance thereto and protection thereof on Avalon Peninsula and

(Continued on page 4 Col. 7)

KEEP ENEMY AWAY FROM AMERICA

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.

President Roosevelt in a train 'en route' to Washington declared that the chief value of the naval and air bases was that they would keep the enemy away from the United States' front door.—Reuter.

THREE-FOLD VALUE OF AGREEMENT

The successful conclusion of the Anglo-American Agreement, it is stated in authoritative quarters in London, will be greeted with the greatest possible satisfaction by the British Government and the people of the British Commonwealth, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

The Agreement can be said to serve three main purposes:—

Firstly, it provides a timely reinforcement of the British Navy in the task of maintaining control of the Atlantic;

Secondly, it contributes to the security of the United States, a fact which the people of the British Commonwealth recognise as of vital importance; and

Thirdly, it strengthens the material defence of the Western Hemisphere.—Reuter.

LONDON WELCOMES NEW DEAL

LONDON, Sept. 3.

The Agreement between the British Government and United States is greeted with the warmest satisfaction in London. Both the Dominions and the Administrations of the Colonies concerned have been consulted during the negotiations and their measures have been adopted.

This Agreement and negotiations between the United States and Canada on matters of defence will reinforce the British Navy in the Atlantic which is of vital importance to the peaceful development of the world and which will be of material strength to the defence of the Western Hemisphere as a whole.—Reuter.

BROWBEATEN BY NAZIS

BUCHAREST, Sept. 3.

M. Manoilescu had a nervous breakdown after his browbeating by Nazis at Vienna, it is revealed in the Rumanian press to-day.

The famous Vienna Specialist, Dr. Otto Eisenschimmel, left Bucharest yesterday after having accompanied M. Manoilescu back from Vienna on the orders of von Ribbentrop.—Reuter.

(Axis Forces For Soviet Border—

see page 8.)

PETAIN PERTURBED

French Empire Is Supporting De Gaulle!

LONDON, Sept. 3.

The growing tendency of the French Empire to allign itself with General De Gaulle has drawn a protest from Marshal Petain. Marshal Petain described his short talk as a message of truth and confidence. He said that France had lost three-fifths of territory through German occupation. But France's unity was as strong as ever. The first duty of the French was to obey and the second was to help production.

An official decree published at Vichy this morning confirms the dismissal of the Governor of Indo-China and of the Secretary-General of New Caledonia.

Over ninety per cent. of the population of the French West Indian Island of Martinique desire to continue the war at the side of Britain according to a well-informed traveller just arrived —Reuter.

See Stop Press On Page 4

"....Unto Death!"

LONDON, Sept. 3.

"A solemn pledge to which all may subscribe" was proposed by the chairman at a meeting of the National Defence Public Interest Committee in London to-day.

It reads: "On this, first anniversary of the war we who enjoy the citizenship of the British Commonwealth of Nations, solemnly vow to dedicate ourselves to the ulmost of our strength to safeguard and hold our ancient heritage won by brave hearts in the past. Come weal, come woe, even unto death, we will strive against enemies of liberty and see that they gain no foothold in our land.

"Enrolled in freedom's cause and knowing well what measure of slavery follows in the wake of our foes, we resolve to work and toil until peoples are set free. No light role, no easy task do we assume at this fateful anniversary but we are prepared to endure all hardship for victory for right, truth and peace and the dignity of mankind."—Reuter.

NAZI RAIDERS CHASED OUT OF BR. COAST

Terrific Battle Over Inland Town: Incendiary And High Explosive Bombs Cause Fires On Outskirts Of London

German aircraft in considerable numbers crossed the south-east coast on Tuesday, says an Air Ministry Communique. Preliminary reports indicate that a few bombs were dropped in Kent and Essex. A little damage appears to have been caused and a few casualties are reported, several of which were fatal.

Raiders Over London

German raiders also appeared on widely separated areas. London had two warnings. Incendiary and high explosive bombs caused minor fires on the outskirts of the Capital.

23 Planes Shot Down

The Air Ministry announces that 23 enemy aircraft are known to have been destroyed. Fifteen of British fighters are missing, but eight pilots are known to be safe.

Final reports of yesterday's actions show that 20 of the British aircraft were lost, ten pilots being safe.

WILL JINNAH MEET VICEROY AGAIN?

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, Sept. 3.

Conflicting views are expressed in Simla on the exact implications of the resolution adopted by Muslim League executive. One League member of the Central Legislature now in Simla took a hopeful view and said that in course of time, after further talks between Mr. Jinnah and the Viceroy League will join Viceroy's Council.

The general view taken however is Mr. Jinnah has raised points which it will be difficult for the Viceroy to meet and so the resolution means in effect, refusal of Viceroy's offer for the time being. Though it is couched in a form which looks like asking for information, it raises certain fundamental issues.

JINNAH'S DEMAND

As indicated in previous messages Mr. Jinnah objects to the panel method and impliedly insists that the Viceroy should accept League's Nominees. Secondly, there is also an implied demand that the League should be consulted regarding representation of other parties in the Cabinet distribution of portfolios, number of additional members etc. The point urged by Mr. Jinnah appears to be that unless the League is satisfied that the proposal of guarantees to the league of full and effective sharing of power in the Central Government and that representation given to other parties is such as ensure in its opinion, harmonious working, it cannot accept Viceroy's offer. In order to satisfy the Punjab group however, Mr. Jinnah has agreed to their participation in War Committees, if they consider it useful.

MAHASABHA COMPLAINT

It is understood the Hindu Sabha has sent a panel of six names including Mr. G. C. Narang but it is subject to certain conditions—time limit for Dominion Status, removal of distinction between martial and non-martial in the Army, modification of Government's attitude regarding constitutional progress as revealed in the Viceroy's statement etc.

It has also complained that the Hindu Sabha has been offered only one seat while the Muslim League has been promised two seats. Simla reports indicate that the Viceroy will shortly proceed to appoint new members—at least three for the time being—leaving the question of further additions to be decided later.

The names favoured are the Nawab of Chattari, Dr. Ambedkar, Sardar Ujjal Singh, Sir Cowasji Jehangir and Sir M. N. Mukherji.

NOTICE TO READERS

Thursday being Parsi New Year Day the offices of the "Bombay Chronicle" will remain closed on that day. There will, therefore, be no issue of the paper on Friday.

ISOLATED NAZI RAIDS ON BRITAIN

LONDON, Sept. 3.

Widely separated areas of Britain were chosen for raids by isolated German pilots late last night and early to-day. Again damage by high explosive and incendiary bombs was slight and casualties so far reported are relatively small. Houses were hit but there were no casualties when two screaming bombs fell on a residential London area early this morning, all occupants being in shelters.

Incendiary and high explosive bombs fell on the outskirts of the capital causing a few minor fires. The raiders were over various areas in the south-east, south-west, north-east and north-west England, Midlands and Wales but in many cases only one or two bombs were dropped demolishing hayricks and damaging outlying cottages.

RAID ON MIDLANDS.

In a Midlands town, a direct hit was scored on a shelter, killing two of the six people inside. Several houses were also damaged. In another Midlands town, the fire brigades were kept busy by incendiary bombs. A south-eastern coastal town received a number of bombs following the dropping of flares by a single raider severely damaging some shops, but it is believed there were no casualties.

London's First Warning Of The Day

In London area the air raid warning which was sounded at 09-22 G. M. T. was still in progress at 10-00 (G. M. T.), the actual moment of the anniversary of the expiration of Britain's time-limit to Germany.

The London warning was sounded while a terrific air battle was in progress over a south-east inland town. A large force of bombers flew over the coast escorted by hordes of Messerschmitt fighters. They were met by R. A. F. fighters and scattered within a five minutes. At least two raiders are believed to have been down.

The all clear was sounded in

(Continued on page 4 Col. 6)

Indo-China Rejects Japanese Ultimatum

SAIGON, September 3.

AN OFFICIAL COMMUNIQUE STATES THAT THE JAPANESE ON SUNDAY PRESENTED AN ULTIMATUM TO INDO-CHINA AUTHORITIES DEMANDING PASSAGE FOR JAPANESE TROOPS THROUGH INDO-CHINA. THE ULTIMATUM WAS REFUSED.—REUTER.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 2½ p. c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management, Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

1. PERSONAL ADLETS

Mr. N. G. Rao of English Tailoring College:—Your non-acceptance of "Mock Professor's" challenge shows fear. Prove your mettle by replying to challenger's Advocate. (13609)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted: Matrics, Non-Matrics for sub-offices establishment at Bombay Presidency. Apply Indo Finance and Transportation Corporation, Delhi. (13619)

Shorthand typist experienced in solicitor's office. State terms, Majmudar, 381, Hornby Road. (13621)

Wanted 6 Sub-Overseers, 6 Elec. & Mech. Engineers, 4 Lawyers, 4 Doctors and 10 Clerks to Box No. 13620, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted applications from matriculates for the course of Stationmaster, Asst. Stationmaster and Signaller. Rs. 30|- as scholarship and Railway fare Terms. Non-matrics can also apply for the lower course. Apply with 2 annas stamps to the Director, All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (B.C.). (13550)

Wanted 10 Graduates, 15 Clerks, 4 Doctors, 4 Lawyers and 8 Engineers to apply No. 13612, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Matriculates and Graduates for clerical and higher appointments in branch offices throughout India. Apply with stamp. The Garcons Syndicate, Ajmeri Gate, Delhi. (13585)

MOTOR-CYCLES & CYCLES.

For Sale a 3 1|2 H. P. Royal Enfield Bullet in excellent condition. Also a brand new Raleigh Cycle. Apply or see Mr. Banker, c|o "Bombay Chronicle" between 2 and 3 p. m. or at 6-30 p. m.

MOTOR DRIVING TUITION.

People wishing to learn motor-driving in fortnight, Individual systematic instructions. Experienced teacher. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 13606, "Bombay Chronicle."

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale.—Steam Launch "Davaar" in perfect condition. Length 66 feet: Passenger accommodation 49, Tonnage 10 Nett. Apply: Bhiwandiwalla, 583 Chira Bazar, Bombay. Telephone: 23212. (13602)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the THIRD CRIMINAL SESSIONS of 1940, which commenced on the 4th day of July, 1940, has this day been dissolved.

MATHURADAS VISSANJI,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 3rd Sept. 1940.
(3309)

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY

—SEAMAN RATINGS—

Vacancies exist in the Seaman Branch of the R.I.N. Applicants must be British subjects.

QUALIFICATIONS:—
AGE—18 to 23 years.
EDUCATION—VI Standard English and able to speak and read Hindustani as written in Urdu or Roman Characters, or have passed VII Standard of the Urdu Lower Middle School.
ENROLMENT—The period is for 10 years. 5 years or less as may be decided by the F.O.C. in the active service, the remainder in the Royal Indian Fleet Reserve.
Men desirous of transferring to the continuous Service may do so if they are recommended and vacancies exist.
PAY—Rs. 20|- rising to Rs. 85|- per mensem provided men qualify for advancement in accordance with the regulations. Selected men are eligible for promotion to Warrant Rank. Pay Rs. 130|- to Rs. 270|- per mensem. In addition Non-Substantive Pay up to Rs. 14|- per mensem is granted to men who specialise in certain branches.
RATIONS—A liberal scale of free rations is allowed.
CLOTHING—Initial issue of uniform is free. An allowance of Rs. 10|14 is allowed quarterly for the upkeep of clothing.
LEAVE—Under ordinary circumstances the exigencies of the Service permitting, ratings are given up to 60 days leave each year with free passage to and from their homes on completion of two years' service.
APPLICANTS—(1) Local:—
Should apply in person at the Main Gate of H.M.I. Dockyard between 9 to 9-30 A.M. on Tuesdays and Fridays of each week.
(2) Up Country:
Should apply in writing, stating age and Educational qualification to Commanding Officer, Depot, H. M. I. Dockyard, Bombay, marking envelopes—"RECRUIT"—
(3286)

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (THURSDAY) at 10-30 A. M. (S. T.) at Mahavir Jain Vidyalaya Building, Gowalia Tank Road, Near Tram Terminus of complete Bungalow furniture, Columbia Cabinet Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington portable typewriter, Godrej Safe, Cottage Piano, Chesterfield sets, Remington typewriter, Wrist watches, Harmoniums, Drawing room cabinet, Wardrobes, Dining table and Chairs, Side Board, etc.

653. MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Required free hold property upto Rs. 25 to 30 thousands, Girgaum, Sandhurst Road or Gamdevi side giving net interest 7 to 8%. Apply Box No. 13614, "Bombay Chronicle."

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SENIOR RAJARAM DHARMAJI GUMULWAR has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 80, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Quit and ground Rent Tenure with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at 6th Kamathipura Street, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 92.21 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 10614 and 10615, New Survey No. 6218 and 6217, Cadastral Survey No. 6|2 of Byculla Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 'E' Ward No. 1527 and Street No. 42 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the property formerly belonging to Buchhanna Baloo, on or towards the West by the property of Abu Haji Issac and others, on or towards the North by a Sweeper's passage and on or towards the South by 6th Kamathipura Lane and which said premises are now occupied by the Tenants of the Vendor and by the Vendor.

Dated this 2nd of September, 1940.

Messrs. DABHOLKER & JESHTARAM,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(3302)

MATINEES AT: 1-30 P.M.
To-day & To-morrow!
A GRAND PATETI ATTRACTION!
A Picture for the People who Love Good Story!
Super Pictures'
Kanya-Dan
Starring: SHAMIM, Gulam Md., Ashik Huseain, etc.
A Sudarshan Release
MAJESTIC
Daily: 4, 7 & 9-45 p. m.

PATETI GREETINGS
WE WISH OUR PARSI PATRONS
A HAPPY AND PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR
PATETI—
A Great Festival
"BHAROSA"—
A Great Picture
ENJOY YOUR HOLIDAYS
At the
MINERVA
TALKIES—LAMINGTON ROAD.
TO-DAY
1-30, 4-15, 7 & 10 P.M.
3RD GRAND WEEK
MINERVA'S DIGNIFIED SOCIAL
BHAROSA
A HUMAN DRAMA THAT'LL GO STRAIGHT TO YOUR HEART
Direction: SOHRAB MODI
With such talented artistes—
CHANDRAMOHAN, SARDAR AKHTAR, MAZHAR KHAN, SHEELA, MAYADEVI, NAVAL.
AN EVERGREEN PICTURES RELEASE.

DR. AMBEDKAR TO JOIN VICEROY'S CABINET, IF INVITED

Mr. D. V. Pradhan, the General Secretary of the Independent Labour Party, has issued the following statement to the press:—

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Party was held on Sunday. Dr. B. R. Ambedkar presided.

After having discussed the preliminary matters, the President acquainted the Committee of his interviews with the Viceroy both at Delhi and in Bombay and also with the correspondence that has passed between him and the Viceroy.

The Committee discussed at length the matter from various points of view and decided that the Party should give unconditional support to Britain and also desired that Dr. Ambedkar should accept a seat on the Expanded Executive Council if such an offer came from the Viceroy.

Report On Pakistan Scheme

The Committee further discussed the report of the Special Committee appointed in June last to make a critical and detailed study of Pakistan scheme adumbrated by the Muslim League. The Executive Committee agreed in general on the various points on the report of the Special Committee, and decided to publish the same as a publication of Independent Labour Party Research Bureau.

Constitution Sub-Committee

The Executive Committee further discussed the constitutional question and decided to appoint a Sub-Committee of the Party to study and report on that question in all its aspects and prepare a constitution for the country with particular reference to safeguarding the rights and privileges of the Depressed Classes. The report is intended to be a basis for formulating an All-India scheme, after ascertaining the views of the Depressed Classes all over the country. The Sub-Committee is also empowered to take into consideration the rights and privileges of all other minorities in general and other interests.

BANDRA TALKIES
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
Till Sept. 6th Only
STAN LAUREL
OLIVER HARDY
in
THE FLYING DEUCES
To-day at 10-30 a. m.
ROBERT TAYLOR
MAUREEN O'SULLIVAN
in
CROWD ROARS
To-morrow at 10-30 a. m.
NELSON EDDY
JEANETTE MACDONALD
in
MAYTIME

THE BEST ATTRACTION FOR HOLIDAYS
PRABHAT'S Popular Film Biography
DNYANESHWAR
Directed by:
DAMLE & FATEHLAL
MORNING SHOW TO-MORROW AT 10 A.M. (MARATHI)
16TH WEEK AT
CENTRAL
To-day and TO-MORROW
MARATHI: 1-30, 9-45 P.M.
HINDI: 4, 7 P.M.

To-day & To-morrow
Matinee at 2 p. m.
Come & Enjoy Pateti Holidays!
"MATWALI MEERA"
Fourth Great Week at
KRISHNA
Daily: 4-45, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

Tamil Talkie
PRAHALADA
Starring:
MASTER MAHALINGAM
On Wed. & Thursday (4th and 5th Sept.) at 10-30 a. m.
at
BROADWAY—Dadar

ARMED GANG RAID MEERUT BANIA'S HOUSE

Exchange Shots With Police And Mutilate Man To Evade Recognition

MEERUT, Sept. 1.

An armed gang of dacoits which raided the house of a bania in village Ahera near Baghpat, had a clash with the villagers and an armed posse of police as a result of which several villagers and one of the dacoits were injured. The body of the dacoit who was injured was later recovered from a well.

Hearing the noise from the bania's house, villagers and a party of armed police rushed to the place. The dacoits opened fire and the police retaliated. While fleeing the gang took away the injured and the police followed them. The body of one of the dacoits who was severely wounded was found in a well with his head and arms missing. The gang, it appears, did so to evade recognition of the man.—A. P.

MAN RELIEVED OF RS. 4,000 WHILE STANDING IN QUEUE IN BANK

The cashier in a firm doing business in Sheikh Memon Street went to the Bank of India with Rs. 4,000 to be deposited in his firm's account. As the custom is, he was standing for his turn to reach the counter in a long queue. But before he could get to the counter, however, he was relieved of the whole amount which consisted of four thousand rupee notes.

The police were immediately informed and a hue and cry was raised.

So far no arrests have been made.

"FIRST-RATE ENTERTAINMENT"!
—That's the verdict of literateurs of the city!
NAVYUG'S Sparkling Social
LAPANDAV
(HIDE AND SEEK)
Starring:—
MEENAXEE, VANMALA, WINAYAK & BABURAO PENDHARKAR
—To-day & To-morrow—
Matinee: 1-30 p. m.
6TH WEEK AT
NEW WEST END
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m.

TWO STUDENTS ALLOWED BAIL

Alleged Communists Plead Not Guilty

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Interesting disclosures were made to-day at the Esplanade Police Court when six persons out of the 16 arrested by the Police on Friday last for their alleged association with the Communist party in India renewed their applications for bail. All the six persons pleaded their entire ignorance of the Communist party in India and disclaimed association with any political party.

Gangriwala, a third year student of Sydenham College, admitted having received certain letters on behalf of another student of the College but he had been told by his friend that they were love letters, which he (friend) had arranged through his (accused's) medium. The accused did not therefore object to such an innocent arrangement.

The following accused applied for bail to-day: Jayantilal B. Shah, A. Gangriwala, K. K. Warrier, Mohanlal B. Shah, A. S. Chaubal and S. S. Chaubal.

Mr. Moosaji Patel, appearing for accused Gangriwala, stated that the accused was a third year student of Sydenham College and that his examination was fast approaching. His custody in jail would mean loss of attendance. The accused, he contended, was an innocent victim. He used to receive certain letters on behalf of a certain friend and pass them over to him. He had been told that they were innocent love letters. Counsel further submitted that the accused was the son of a hard-ware Borah merchant.

Magistrate:—But the son was dealing in soft-ware—love letters (laughter).

The Magistrate directed the accused to be released on a bail of Rs. 200 (Rs. 100 to be deposited) on his undertaking to attend the police station whenever desired and not to take in any Communist or anti-war activities.

A similar application was made on behalf of Jayantilal V. Shah, a fifth year student of the Grant Medical College. The accused's name, it was alleged was found in the diary seized from A. K. Ghosh, when the latter was arrested at Lucknow. Inspector Navalkar stated that no Communist literature was seized from the rooms of the accused.

It was urged on behalf of the accused that police custody would result in the accused losing his practical classes at the end of his College career.

The Magistrate remarked that the consideration that the accused was likely to suffer if he could not attend the practical classes when the examination was approaching moved him and he therefore directed the accused to be released on bail on his giving similar undertakings as that of Gangriwala.

Mr. Joseph, on behalf of K. K. Warrier, then applied for bail. Inspector Navalkar, opposing the application, stated the accused was described as the "financier" of the Communist Party in India from the diary recovered from Ghosh's rooms.

Mr. Joseph contended that the accused, who was employed in "Filmindia", had received a notice from the office stating that his service would not be open to him unless he resumed his duties immediately". Further the accused, according to his Counsel, was not in any way connected with the Communist Party.

The Magistrate rejected the bail application.

Bail applications on behalf of A. S. Chaubal and S. S. Chaubal were also rejected.

Mohanlal B. Shah's application for bail was also rejected by the Magistrate. Shah's advocate stated that the accused did not know anything about communism, neither was he in any way interested in it. Kantilal Shah, a member of the Girgaum Congress Committee, now detained under the Defence of India Rules, he stated, asked the accused to receive certain letters on his behalf. The accused did not realise that there was anything wrong about it.

The Magistrate rejected the application.

BOMBAY ASSEMBLY & VICEROY'S "OFFER"

Meeting On Sept. 14 To Record Their Opinion

BOMBAY, Sept. 3.

It is learnt that the Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, is sending out invitations to all the members of the Bombay Legislative Assembly to meet in Bombay on September 14 to consider the Viceroy's declaration and Mr. Amery's speech and record their opinion.—A.P.

FOUR SAVED FROM GALLOWS

KARACHI, Sept. 1.

Four persons who were sentenced to death by the Sessions Judge, Sukkur, were saved from the gallows by the Chief Appellate Court presided by Chief Justice Davis and Justice Weston who reduced the sentence to transportation for life in the case of three and acquittal in the case of the fourth on the ground of benefit of doubt.

According to the prosecution accused committed murder of one Kadir Baksh on the night of the 10th September last in village Tamachani in Sukkur District.—A. P.

Dr. Jehangir K. Daji Dead

Dr. Jehangir Kharshedji Daji, one of the oldest medical practitioners in the city died in the early hours of Tuesday, at the ripe age of 82. He was a stunch theosophist and a founder of the Good Life League, an institution which was known for its useful social activities in the city. He was also one of the originators of a Parsi association known as the "Zarthosti Labh Sachavnari Mandali," ("Association for Protecting Interests of Zoroastrians") of which he was honorary secretary for nearly three decades. He was a regular contributor to Parsi papers on vegetarianism and temperance and Parsi social subjects, and latterly, was contributing occasionally articles in English papers.

The deceased did yeoman's service to the Parsi community in providing cheap residences for the poor and middle classes, and for providing jobs to the unemployed.

Put Away the Bottle and Spoon when Treating Children's Colds

Medicines that are swallowed cannot bring relief direct to the air-passages, where the cold is. Often they upset the stomach.

This Modern Way is External, Direct, and Safe.

BEFORE you give your child another spoonful of medicine for a cold, think of this: Can it get to the roots of the cold directly? Most likely it cannot, because the cold is usually in the sore, clogged air-passages of the throat and chest. Medicine put into the stomach is bound to be slow and indirect.

Think about this, too: Will the medicine do him harm? Internal "dosing"—without the advice of a physician—often results in digestive upsets which lower a child's resistance just when he needs it most to fight a cold.

NO DANGEROUS "DOSING" WHEN YOU DO THIS There is a way to avoid these dangers of "dosing"—a pleasant, external way of treating a cold that brings relief at once, direct to the air-passages. All you do is rub the child's throat, chest, and back at bedtime with Vicks VapoRub.

INSTANT RELIEF, IN TWO WAYS The warmth of the body immediately releases VapoRub's healing, medicinal vapours which are breathed in, 18 times a minute, all through the nose, throat, and lungs. At the same time, VapoRub works through the skin like a poultice, makes the child feel warm and comfortable and draws out tightness and pain and helps the inhaled vapours to break up the cold.

BREAKS UP MOST COLDS IN ONE NIGHT The child feels better at once as irritation is soothed, phlegm loosened, coughing relieved. Breathing easily, he sleeps in comfort while VapoRub's poultice and vapour actions go on working for hours. By morning, almost always, the worst of the cold is over.

MORE THAN 26 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

VICKS VAPORUB

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WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

Without Calomel—And You'll Jump Out of Bed Full of Vim and Vigour.

Your liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes those famous Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Look for the name Carter's Little Liver Pills on the red package. Refuse anything else. Price: As. 10.

BETTER BREEZE AT HALF THE COST

THE INDIA ELECTRIC WORKS LTD
6 SIR PHIROZSHAH MEHTA ROAD FORT BOMBAY

COTY HAIR-OIL

GIVES

GLOSSINESS WITHOUT GUMMING

SHINE WITHOUT STICKINESS

AN ATTRACTIVE, GENEROUS PERFUME

HAIR-SMARTNESS THROUGHOUT THE DAY

IT STRENGTHENS, NOURISHES, STIMULATES...

COTY

SYRPAE, ROSE, GARDENIA OR JASMIN

Sole Agents for Coty (England) Ltd.
M. G. SHAHANI & CO., KARACHI

GONORRHOEA CURED

OLD or NEW—cured Guaranteedly. MEDICINE CHARGES ON CURE: Time—9 to 12 a.m. and 5 to 9 p.m. Sunday: 9 to 12 a.m. only.

Visit Personally.

SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regd.), Sandhurst Road, Opp. Central Bank, Bombay 4.

THE BANK OF BARODA LTD

Incorporated in Baroda
Liability of Members limited.

Under the Patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gackwar.

Capital Authorised ..... Rs. 2,40,00,000
Capital Issued and Subscribed ..... Rs. 1,20,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 48,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 55,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: BARODA.

Branches:

Amreli.	Harij (N.G.).	Port Okha.
Ahmedabad (Bhadra).	Kadi.	Sidhpur.
Bhavnagar.	Kalol.	Surat.
Billimora.	Mehsana.	Karjan
Bombay.	Navsari.	Kapadwanj.
Calcutta.	Ahmedabad (Panchkuva).	Visnagar (N.G.).
Dabhoi.	Patan.	
Dwarka.	Petlad.	Vyara.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—Interest on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 will be allowed at ½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 5 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS'—Received for long or short periods. Terms on application.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT AT BARODA
Rates of rentals on application

W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

On The Air

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 4.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 Yoga in the Air. 8 Keep fit. 8-10 Duets from the Screen. 8-30 A. R. P. Talk (Hindustani). 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Pateti-Mubarak. 9-30 Instrumental duets. 9-40 K. L. Rajpal. 9-52 Jaltarang recital. 10-30 Parsio-ne-Bhet. 10-35 Tara Bai Gadagkar. 10-55 Film Music. 11-5 Readings from Gujarati books. 11-15 The Parsi Garba Party. 11-30 Ahmed Dilawer. 11-45 Moradabadi: Hamidi recital. 11-55 D. V. Paluskar. 12-25 Amel and Shanker Rao: Flute and Violin with Tambora and Tabla. 12-35 Sheetal Ghosh: Bhajan and Geet. 12-50 Rajen Sircar: Film tunes on Clarionet. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Master Vasant Amrit. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Do you know Madame? 1-40 Lunch Hour music. 5 p.m. K. L. Rajpal. 5-12 Masute. 5-20 Kafi on Sitar. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Ratnakant. 5-50 The A I R Quartet: Stage tune. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Ahmed Dilawer. 6-25 Tara Bai Gadagkar. 6-50 Gat Tora on Tabla. 7 Maloom Nahin Kyun. 1: Talk in Hindustani. 7-15 Sheetal Ghosh: Geet and Kirtan. 7-30 Dilruba solo. 7-35 Vishwapati-Mahima: Devotional song. 7-45 M. U. Khan. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 To-morrow. 8-30 Matters of Moment: Relayed from the B B C. 8-45 The Bombay Radio Orchestra or topic of the day. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-50 Ghazal by Ahmed Dilawer. 10 Tarana by D. V. Paluskar. 10-10 Geets. 10-20 Hori by Tara Bai Gadagkar.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. In Her Mood. 7-40 Garba, Dadra and Bhavgeet. 7-50 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Tara Bai Gadagkar. 9 to 10 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

10-30 a.m. to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Akhtari Bai Faizabadi. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-30 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 p.m. to 5-25 As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Gujarati Bhajan. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 S. Ahmed: Recitation from Ghalib's poetry. 6-10 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 D. V. Paluskar. 8-25 to 8-30 As in Bombay 1. 8-30 Mixed melodies. 8-45 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Master Vasant Amrit. 9-30 Maneck Bhagat: Pianoforte. 9-45 Julia Wortmann: Soprano, 10 Walter Kaufmann Sonata Series No. 3.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. Laugh a little. 5-20 Orchestra in rural tune. 5-30 Renuka Das. 5-50 Animesh Mallick. 6-5 Short wave and long wave: Humorous discourse. 6-20 Ramala Mazumder. 6-40 Meera Devi. 7 Shova Kundu: Sitar solo. 7-20 Padmarani Chatterjee. 7-40 Uttara Devi. 8 Jugantar: Concluding episode of Sanchari. 9 Personality Parade. 10 London: B B C recorded programme.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (885 kc/s)

5 p.m. Sangeet Sammelan. 6-15 Zohra Bai of Shahdara. 6-30 Instrumental Trio. 6-40 Man ki Duniya: Duet. 6-5/ Maqsood Anwar. 7-5 Fayyaz Mohammad. 7-15 Recitation of Hindi Poems. 7-30 Mehboob Jan. 7-45 For Villagers only. 8-30 Matters of Moment: Talk recorded from B B C. 10 It has happened or Sarangi recital. 10-5 Maqsood Anwar. 10-20 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur. 10-30 Ramzan Khan. 10-40 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 to 7-45 a.m. As in Delhi 1. 7-45 Abdul Haq. 8-5 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 8-15 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur. 8-30 to 9-30 As in Delhi 1. 9-30 Ramzan Khan. 9-45 Fayyaz Mohammad. 10 to 10-5 As in Delhi 1. 10-5 Khwab-i-Marmarin: Play in Hindustani. 10-35 Zohra Bai of Shahdara. 10-45 Abdul Haq.

PARSI NEW YEAR'S FEAST FOR LISTENERS

Quite a varied programme has been arranged by the Bombay Station of A. I. R. to greet the Parsi New year Holidays. On the 4th September at 11-15 a.m. the Parsi Garba Party, conducted by Mrs. D. P. Mistry, will perform the "Garbi". On the 5th September "Readings from the Shahnama" will be given Mr. Framroze Madon at 10-30 a.m. Then at 1 o'clock "Doesuba Dumdum" a matrimonial melodrama, will make listeners hold their sides with laughter for half an hour.

The programme will be rounded off on Khordad Sal which falls on the 10th, when Firoz Dastur, the well-known young singer, will have three speel before the "mike," at 9-10 a.m. 5-35 p.m. and 8-5 p.m. There will also be on the same day one more play "Savak-no Supno," an hysterical obsession in dreamland of Hitler in Bombay. The entire programme will be a veritable feast of fun which the occasion demands and the present times require

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9.35	20.15
Madras Mail	6.00	22.00
Peshawar Lucknow (Express)	6.15	22.45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9.05	18.05
Madras Express	10.15	14.30
Poona Mail	10.30	17.30
Punjab Mail	12.30	17.40
Nagpur Express	15.00	21.00
Poona Fast Passenger	16.50	11.50
Poona Express	19.32	8.05

B. B. and C. I. Railway

	Arr. H.M	Dep H.M
Ahmedabad Passenger	5.35	13.50
Delhi Express	6.00	22.15
Kathiawar Mail	6.45	21.30
Gujarat Mail	7.25	22.05
Frontier Mail	8.15 (*Mon.)	21.15 (Sat.)
The Flying Ranee Surat	9.48	15.15
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10.58	
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)		18.05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14.15	22.30
Kathiawar Express	18.45	8.45
Baroda Passenger	20.37	9.00

*If Monday is a Bank holiday this train will run on Tuesday.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE STRONG

Calcutta: Sept. 3.

Market conditions continued strong and active in all sections. Best features being Coals, first class Jute preferences, Government Securities and Miscellaneous industrial issues. Cottons and Teas did not show much alterations.

Following are closing quotations:—

Government securities: 2 3/4 per cent loan 1948/52 95/13; 3 per cent Government Paper 77/11; 3 1/2 per cent 90/5; 3 per cent new loan 1963/65 90/5; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 105/10; 5 per cent loan 1940/43 100/2 s odd lot; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 111/10; 3 per cent U P Bonds 1952 94/2 s lot.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1470; Conty 364; Reserve 100/8.

Railway: Baraset Basirhat Railway 37 s lot.

Cottons: Benares Cotton and Silk 1/11; Basanti Cotton 3; Dunbar Cotton ord 145; New Victoria Cotton ord 1.

Coals: Bansra 3/3; Bengal 320; Burra Dhimo 4; Central Kurkend 11/13; Dhemo Main 13/10; Equitable 31/14 c div; Ghusick and Muslia 3/11; Lakurka 8/12; Mundulpoor wixi; South Karanpura 4/4; Talcher 1/7.

Jutes: Alexandera pref 116 c div; Anglo-India pref 148; Auckland pref 127/8; Craig pref 31/8; Hooghly pref 16/12 s lot; Hukumchand pref 92; Northbrook pref 129/8; Waverley pref 32/8.

Minings: Burma Corporation 4/14 ex-div; Consolidated Tin 2/13; Indian Copper 2/1; Rhodesia Copper annas 13.

Cements: Dalmia ord 8/8; Defd 2.

Chemicals: Bengal Aerating Gas 25.

Electric and Telephones: Benares Elec 13/8 s lot; Bengal Telephone pref 11/13; Dacca Elec pref 13/12 s lots; Upper Ganges Elec 10/10.

Eng. Companies: Hukumchand Elec Steel ord 8/2; Defd 2; Indian Iron and Steel 27/10 Kumardhubi Eng ord 4/4; Steel Corporation ord 15/12; Pref 103/8.

Miscellaneous: B I Corporation ord 4; Dunlop Rubber second pref 108 ct; Indian Cables 10/14; Great Eastern Hotel 168.

Paper Mills: India Paper Pulp 125 ex-div; Orient ord 7/11! Titaghur prefd ordy 4/14; Ord 15/10; First pref 175 s lot; Second pref 110; Real Property Bengal Bonded Warehouse "A" 801.

Sugar Shares: Raza Sugar shares 13/2.

Tea Shares: Ranicherra 10/2.

Debentures: 3 1/4 per cent 1966/76 Rangoon Municipal 101/4; 4 1/4 per cent 1939/49/54 Agarpara Jute Debs 102; 6 per cent 1039/49 Hukumchand Jute Fourth Mortgage 97; 5 per cent 1938/48 Star Paper Debs 100/8.—A. P.

Calcutta Sea-Borne Trade

Calcutta: Sept. 2.

The total tonnage of sea-borne traffic handled at the Calcutta Port in the year 1940-41 amounted to 9,965,911 tons, the figure being the largest since 1929/30, when it was 10,871,166 tons, according to the annual report of the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta for the year 1939-40. The report adds that during the first six months of the financial year, when the trade of the port was practically unaffected by the war the total sea-borne traffic amounted to 5,098,883 tons, which was more than 20 per cent in excess of the traffic during the corresponding period of the previous year. The traffic during the second-half was 4,867,028 tons, which was slightly less than the traffic during the corresponding period of the previous year.

As to financial result of the year's working the reports reveals an income of Rs. 36,36,249 more than the original estimate, which was Rs. 319,57,700. This increase was due mainly to increased traffic. The actual expenditure for the year was Rs. 12,21,440, more than the estimate expenditure, which amounted to Rs. 318,53,362.—A. P.

Sales Of Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 3rd September 1940. Total amount offered was Rs. 1,96,75,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-13-6 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-13-3 allotted approximately 38 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-10-7 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Wednesday, the 11th September 1940. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 13th September 1940. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 30th August 1940, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,26,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

LINSEED & WHEAT.

Bombay, Sept 3

The local market was firm with active buying on firm Calcutta advices. There was active professional buying and prices moved up rapidly. Closing quotations were as under:—

Linseed September	Rs.	5 6 3
Linseed May		5 13 9
Wheat September		3 14 9
Wheat January		3 15 3
Wheat May		3 14 3

Shri Mahajan Association

Bombay, Sept 3

(B.T.)	April-May 1940-41
11-00	Rs. 192 0 0
12-30	191 8 0
2-30	191 12 0
4-30	203 4 0
Highest	203 8 0
Lowest	190 8 0

SUBURBAN DEFENCE LOANS COMMITTEE

At a meeting presided over by the Collector of Bombay and Bombay Suburban District, Mr. G. W. McElhinny, I.C.S., the following Committees were appointed with powers to co-opt:—

1. The Civic Guards' Committee.

2. The Defence Loans Committee consists of Messrs. D. J. Ferreira (Chairman), Akbar N. Chinoy, U. S. Desai, Shiavax C. Cambatta, Khushalbhai Khengar, Marshall D'Mello, M. M. Gandhy, R. G. Nayak, S. Mahomeddin, Rao Bahadur M. W. Pradhan and Mr. B. V. Trivedi.

The above members met at the Bandra Gymkhana and appointed Mr. Akbar N. Chinoy, Honorary Secretary and Mr. M. M. Gandhy, Hon. Treasurer. It was resolved that the Registered office of the Committee be c/o the Bombay Garage, Ghodbunder Road, Santa Cruz. It was also resolved that the Bank of India, Andheri Branch, be appointed Bankers and an account in the name of the Bombay Suburban Defence Loans Committee be opened and be operated by Mr. Akbar N. Chinoy, Hon. Secretary and Mr. M. M. Gandhy, Hon. Treasurer.

The following ladies and gentlemen have so far been co-opted:—Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Kt., Dr. E. S. Ghaswalla, Mr. Tahir Ali Fathehi, Dr. K. R. Thakar, Messrs. Ramdeo A. Podar, B. M. Bhargava, P. B. Kharas, Bazillio Gomes, Joe P. D'Mello, Mahadevlal M. Bhatt, Khan Saheb Kazi Ismail, Messrs. F. L. Pinto, S. A. Ghatge, Framroze D. Mehta, A. F. Barney, Manilal C. Chinai, Jivantlal C. Chinai, Dr. Balkrishna S. Patil, Rai Sahib Motilal Agrawal, Messrs. Jagmohandas Kapadia, S. D. Talati, C. J. Mistry, Newman Ferreira, R. S. Bulsara, A. P. Creado, Khan Bahadur Dr. F. Rashid, Messrs. Natwarlal M. Parekh, J. H. Katrak, Chunilal Girdharlal, James A. Rana, Champaklal Devidas, Dr. R. P. Koppikar, Messrs. J. R. Athaide, V. A. Fernandes, John Netto, K. M. Patil, Joseph Dyer, Prof. J. F. R. D'Almeida, Messrs. Alfred D'Souza, Gregory D'Souza, Miss Goolcher J. Batel, Dr. P. Clarkson, Messrs. Savaksha H. Mehta, Veerbal H. Mehta, Sayad Ahmed Kadri, J. S. Pereira, Donald Hill and Mr. Ismail Sakoor.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA INTEREST FREE BONDS

Subscriptions to August 30—

All India	Rs. 1,59,24,747
Bombay City	Rs. 56,92,141

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 30th day of August 1940.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	28,67,94,000
Notes in circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	219,28,98,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	12,19,97,000
Total Notes issued	260,16,89,000
Total Liabilities	260,16,89,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 67.616 per cent.

ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,43,000
(b) Held outside India	.....
Sterling Securities	131,50,11,000
Total of A.	175,91,54,000
B. Rupee Coin	34,64,65,000
Govt of India Rupee Securities	49,60,70,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper	.....
Total Assets	260,16,89,000

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 30th August 1940.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government—	
(1) Central Govt of India	6,74,32,000
(2) Government of Burma	2,00,91,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	5,02,46,000
(b) Banks	40,30,09,000
(c) Others	1,67,31,000
Bills Payable	6,86,000
Other Liabilities	1,66,53,000
Rupees	67,48,48,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	28,54,74,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	13,20,000
Rupee Coin	16,50,000
Subsidiary Coin	7,10,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	.....
(b) External	.....
(c) Government Treasury Bills	1,79,24,000
Balances held abroad*	26,85,41,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	25,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	.....
Investments	8,70,27,000
Other Assets	96,92,000
Rupees	67,48,48,000

*Includes Cash and Short Term Securities.

Imperial Bank Of India

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 30th August, 1940.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
CAPITAL:—		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of shareholders —Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5,62,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		92,20,59,000
Loans against securities per contra		.....
Acceptances for Constituents		9,000
Sundries		59,23,000
	Rupees	104,04,91,000

ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—		
Government securities	40,74,04,000	
Other Authorised Investments	1,02,11,000	41,76,15,000
ADVANCES:—		
Loans	7,31,32,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	29,16,71,000	
Bills discounted and purchased	3,65,88,000	40,13,91,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		9,000
Dead Stock		1,84,20,000
Sundries		53,19,000
Bullion		.....
CASH:—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	18,87,53,000	
Balances with other Banks	89,84,000	19,77,37,000
	Rupees	104,04,91,000

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATION

Bombay, Sept 3

Yarn No. 6 1/2s October 121 December 123 February 125

Yarn No. 10 1/2s October 135 December 137 February 139

Yarn No. 20 1/2s October 164 1/2 December 167 1/2 February 170

Yarn No. 40s October 236 December 238 February 240

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay, Sept 3

Castorseeds September—		
Opening	Rs.	32 14 0
Highest		35 2 0
Lowest		32 14 0
Closing		35 2 0
Castorseeds May—		
Opening		34 8 0
Highest		35 14 0
Lowest		34 6 0
Closing		35 14 0
Groundnuts February—		
Opening		27 14 0
Highest		28 13 0
Lowest		27 6 6
Closing		28 13 0
Cottonseed September—		
Opening		24 14 0
Highest		25 6 0
Lowest		24 11 0
Closing		25 6 0
Cottonseed January—		
Opening		20 3 6
Highest		20 10 0
Lowest		20 0 6
Closing		20 10 0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: Sept. 3.

Following a rise of 8 pts. in Liverpool cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 191/12 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs. 190/12 on scattered selling. At the decline there was improved buying and prices advanced to Rs. 192/4, but with renewed selling pressure prices reacted to Rs. 191/4. The market steadied at this level with a moderate business. In view of approaching holidays operators were cautious and the tone of the market was steady.

Later on the market was dull with utter absence of any important business and Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 191/12. Liverpool market opened at a rise of 2 pts. and later was 4 pts. up In the local market there was professional buying and prices advanced to Rs. 195/12 and the market was firm. There was continuous active buying and prices advanced to Rs. 199/8. There was considerable buying by Calcutta operators and the session closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G Broach April/May	Rs. 201/0
Fine M G Oomra Dec/Jany	Rs. 179/0
F G M G Bengal Dec/Jany	Rs. 136/8

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

Receipts to date 2-9-40	380000	581000
Receipts yesterday 2-9-40	.....	.....
Export to date 2-9-40	53000	313000
Stock at Ports 30-8-40	2568000	2137000
Stock at interior towns do.	1882000	2425000
Stock at Liverpool 30-8-40	.....	568000
Visible Supply 30-8-40	.....	5052000
Quantity in sight 30-8-40	4811000	867000
Quantity out of sight 30-8-40	.....	605000

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: Sept. 3.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup.	Fine.	F.G.	Good
M G Bengal U P	147	144	141	138	
M G Punjab	147	144	141	138	
M G Rajputana	154	151	148	145	
M G Oomra No. 3	180	178	175	172	..
M G C. P. No. 1	189	187	184	181	...
M G C. P. No. 2	182	180	177	174	...
M G Broach No. 2	186	184	182	179	
M G Punjab-Ameri.	220	218	216	213	
M G Surat	237	235	233	230	
M G Rajpipla	232	230	228	225	
M G Navsari	246	244	242	239	

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay: Sept. 3.

Ready	Delivery Contract NEW CROP. Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Bengal Fine 144/46	+9	+5	+4
Berar 175/77	+13	+5	+3
C. P. 1 181/83	+19	+14	+12
C. P. 2 176/77	+15	+9	+7
Khandesh 169/72	+6	−1	−4
Muglai 171/72			
Broach 173/75			

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay: Sept. 3.

Groundnut Febry	3 12 0
Castorseed May	6 8 0
Cottonseed January	2 4 0
Silver 1st Settlement	0 13 0
Silver 2nd Settlement	1 12 0
Gold 1st Settlement	0 8 0
Gold 2nd Settlement	1 10 0

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay: Sept. 3.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

In full-pressed bales. 2 days. Since 1st Septr. This year. Last year

Khandesh	.....	.....
Central India	.....	.....
Barsi and Nagar	102	
Hyderabad/Gaorani	.....	.....
Berar	.....	.....
Central Provinces	.....	.....
Total Oomras	102	
Dholeras	158	
N.-W. Provinces	.....	.....
Rajputana	34	
Sind-Punjab	396	
Broach	.....	.....
Coompta and Dharwar	187	
Westerns-Northerns	.....	.....
Coconanda	.....	.....
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	.....	.....
Total	887	
Arrived by road to 31st August 1940	319,387	397,835

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool: Sept. 2.

	UPPERS.	GIZA 2
Spot	12.90+19	13.52+25
October	12.24+24	13.27+31
December	11.75+34	Novr. 12.51+31
January	11.16+5	11.72+13
March	10.76−5	11.32+4
May	10.51−5	10.95−0
July	10.29−5	10.78−3

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: Sept. 2.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 3 p.m.
Broach A/M	192 1/2	190 1/2	190 1/2
Oomra D/J	172	170 1/4	170 1/4
Bengal D/J	139 1/2	137 1/2	137 1/2

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay: Sept. 3.

O S Kaisha's Japanese s s Atlas Maru of 4511 reg tons Capt K Hirose arrived from Yokohama with copra plank and general cargo.

SAILED

Mackinnon Mackenzie and Coy's American s s Utahan Capt M Hawkins sailed for Calcutta with general cargo.

IMPORTS

Bombay: September 3.

30 cases cotton flannels, 90 c/s rayon and silk mxd pcegoods, 105 c/s prtd ctn jeans, 34 c/s porcelainware, 89 c/s glassware, 125 c/s sulphuric acid, 175 c/s brass circle, 29 c/s glass lamp shades, 1282 c/s rayon yarn, 346 c/s rayon pcegoods, 755 c/s ctn pcegoods, 287 c/s rayon and ctn mxd pcegoods, 51 c/s bobbins, 25 c/s glass bangles, 60 c/s elect goods, 121 c/s elect bulbs, 34 c/s wire netting, 175 c/s cotton yarn, 110 c/s cotton goods, 31 c/s machinery and accs, 200 bags tiles, 10016 bags copra, 662 bags Fuller's earth, 338 bags empty glass bottles, 52 bls w/n pcegoods, 216 bls staple fibre yarn, 46 bls wrapping paper, 23 bls sulphite paper, 26 bls cotton fents, 80 coils bright iron wire, 36 pkgs nut buttons, 102 pkgs brass rods, 41 pkgs glass beads, 28 pkgs paint, 1065 pkgs tiles, 250 drums aniline dyes, 60 cts ply chest wood, 36 H/chests tea.

EXPORTS

Bombay: Sept. 3.

127 bales cotton pcegoods The Central Indian Spg W and M Co Ltd; 86 bls cotton pcegoods The Tata Mills Ltd; 1095 bls hemp raw D Anandji; 195 bls raw cotton K Devchand and Co Ltd; 1262 bags groundnuts Raili Bros Ltd; 11 cases bristles B Lawri and Co Ltd; 74 c/s bristles B Phillips and Hayley Ltd; 28 c/s bristles D Abraham and Sons; 1279 bags grdnut oil cake expel L Dreyfus and Co; 1275 bags grdnut oil cake expel Indo-Foreign Comm Corpn; 610 bags linseed oil cake flat Indo-Foreign Comm Corpn; 1254 bags groundnuts Kasinath and Sons; 100 bls raw cotton N Futehally and Co; 220 drums unrefined castor oil A Hargovindas and Co; 160 dms unrefined castor oil The Gujarat Oil Mill and Mfg Co Ltd; 3180 dms groundnut kernal Banarasidas Pahladrai; 740 bags myrabollam Purshotam Mathradas and Co Ltd; 798 bls cotton waste L O Vora; 425 bls cotton twist waste L O Vora; 1007 bags soap stone Shaw Wallace and Co; 250 bags soap stone powder Shaw Wallace and Co; 2400 bags old iron scrap Ali Bros; 150 bls raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading Co Ltd; 640 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas and Co; 70 bls cotton waste G M Vyas and Co; 157 bls cotton waste M Chandulal and Co; 150 bls cotton waste Bhagat and Son; 186 bags myrabollams J Moolchand and Co; 35 c/s bristles R Aminoff; 100 bls raw cotton Arjan Khimji and Co.

Trade Calling In Liverpool Cotton

Distant Months Quietly Steady

PRICES ADVANCE 11 TO 4 POINTS

Bombay: Sept. 3.

On Monday the New York and New Orleans market were closed.

The Liverpool cotton market opened steady at a rise of 7 pts. with October 7.75. The market was influenced by steadiness of New York and Bombay. There was moderate trade calling and local buying and October advanced to 7.80 which was the highest level. Distant months were quiet. Later on there was some hedge selling and the market closed at a net rise of 11 to 4 points.

Middling American spot cotton prices closed 3 pts. up at 8.26d per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

There was heavy covering in near months of Egyptian cotton which resulted in a sharp rise, but distants eased on scattered selling. Uppers futures closed 34 pts. up to 5 pts. down, while Giza futures closed 31 pts. higher to 3 points down.

PRIVATE CABLES—

Liverpool October highest 7.80+12; lowest 7.72+04.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool.—Trade and local buying. Market is steady.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from New York Cotton Exchange Service:—

Crop developments favourable. Mill position improving. Exports very poor. Domestic business and commodities stable. Hedging small. Considerable cotton entering loan. Nearby futures near loan levels.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool: Sept. 2.

September	7.93+10
October	7.76+08
November	7.62+09
December	7.50+11
January	7.39+11
February	7.28+09
March	7.17+06
April	7.10+06
May	7.03+06
June	6.96+06
July	6.89+04
August	6.83+03
September	6.77+02
Middling Spot	8.26+03

11 a.m. QUOTATION

October	7.75
January	7.34

YARN MARKET STEADY WITH REVIVAL OF CONFIDENCE

Bombay: Sept. 3.

The important event during the week under review has been the continued improvement in the War situation so far as Great Britain is concerned and the encouraging and favourable news regarding the progress of War almost every day has tended to create increased confidence in almost all markets throughout this country. Cotton prices have recorded some moderate improvement during the week and naturally therefore prices of all kinds of yarns have remained steady. There has been yet no definite improvement in demand from consuming districts, but it is hoped that if cotton prices remain steady and the War news continues to remain encouraging as hitherto, confidence will gradually revive and improvement in demand will be in evidence in the next few days. Stocks with the mills as well as with the local dealers have increased further but reports from consuming districts go to show that the stocks in almost all important districts are below normal probably because buyers have been all along waiting for a better opportunity to make purchases of their requirements in bulk. Latest reports from Northern markets are more assuring but reports from the Southern markets go to show that prices have been declining there almost every day on account of continued competition between Southern mills 'inter se.' Regarding Export markets there has been yet no improvement in demand in spite of the very low prices quoted by Indian mills for their yarns. The greatest difficulty in export is the difficulty of freight and in the absence of freight business for important export markets has not been possible. So far as the Far Eastern markets are concerned there has been continued absence of demand for the last several months probably due to the political situation. On the whole the future tendency remains slightly more hopeful.

ENGLISH YARNS

The War situation makes it practically impossible for transacting any business in this class of yarns.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS

Prices in both Japanese and Shanghai yarns improved further to some extent during the week under review with a steady undertone at the close. Latest reports from Japan go to show that the Spinners have been quoting somewhat higher prices for forward deliveries and are not inclined to lower their prices at the moment. Fresh forward business with Japan has therefore been negligible. In case of Chinese yarns some forward business has been possible during the week especially in folded yarns. As regards Mercerised yarns speculative turnover has increased and prices have improved to the extent of half an anna per lb. during the week. Exchange has remained unchanged during the week.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS

Latest reports from Japan go to show that the minimum prices have been fixed by the Export Association of Japan for all art silk yarns on the basis of Yen150.00 per case Cif Indian Ports from the 1st of Sept. 1940. This has naturally created some confidence and prices in the local market have been showing a tendency to improve slowly and slowly in course of time. Stocks, however, are still large and large arrivals are expected in the next few weeks. It is hoped, however, that as soon as a substantial portion of the stocks goes into consumption

Rebate On Sind Oil Seed Crop Assessment

KARACHI, Sept. 2.

The Government of Sind have announced a rebate of one rupee per acre on the assessment of oil seed crops in the barrage tract with effect from the 'Rabbi' season of 1940-41, for a period of two years.—United Press.

Zoroastrian Co-op. Credit Bank's Report

The 13th Annual Report of the Zoroastrian Co-operative Credit Bank, states "inter alia":—

The transactions of the past year have resulted in a profit of Rs. 5,047-12-2. The net profit for the year ended 30th June 1940 including the sum of Rs. 1,022-12-5 brought forward from the last year's account amounts to Rs. 6,070-8-7.

It will be interesting for the members and depositors to note that the fluid resources of the Bank are sufficient to meet its liabilities, which speaks of the ever increasing confidence the Bank has been inspiring among the investing public and though business on safe lines narrows the profits of the Bank, this sound position of the Bank is a most gratifying feature.

Two Outlaws Arrested

BANNU, Sept. 3.

Goni Ali Khel, a notorious outlaw, who was wanted in connection with two raid cases, and Mahomed Rezan, an outlaw of Isakhel Raid case, were arrested on August 30.

Mr. Lakhmichand Chawla of Ghoriwala, eight miles south of Bannu, was kidnapped by dacoits outside his village on September 1.—United Press.

Sale!

MEN'S WEAR

TAILORING.

Garments Ready-for-wear	From
Woollen Lounge Suits	Rs. 30/
Washing Lounge Suits	Rs. 22/8
Washing Office Coats	Rs. 12/8

SHIRTWEAR.

Fancy Cotton Shirts, with 2 Collars	From Rs. 3/12
White Office Shirts	Rs. 3/12
Semi Dress Shirts	Rs. 6/4
Full Dress Shirts	Rs. 6/12

COTTON UNDERWEAR.

An-on Vests & Drawers	Each Rs. 2/4
Meridian Vests & Trunks	Rs. 2/8
Cottella Vests & Trunks	Rs. 1/12
Celanese Vests & Trunks	Rs. 3/8

WOOLLEN UNDERWEAR

Jaeger Cashmere Vests	Each Rs. 4/8
Jaeger Union Suits	Rs. 5/8
Pesco Wool Trunks	Rs. 2/8
Stout Wool Vests	Rs. 7/8
Stout Wool Drawers	Rs. 5/

PYJAMAS & DRESSING GOWNS

Mercerised Cotton Pyjamas	Form Rs. 9/8
Art Silk Dressing Gowns	Rs. 17/8
Wool Dressing Gowns	Rs. 27/8

SOCKWEAR

White Vyella	From Rs. 1/4
Plain Lisle Thread	Rs. 1/4
Fancy Lisle Thread	Rs. 1/12
Khaki Lisle Thread	Rs. 1/12

GOLF STOCKINGS

Lisle Three quarter length	From Rs. 4/12
Smart Fancy Wool	Rs. 4/8
Pesco Wool Ribbed	Rs. 4/8
Khaki Spun Silk	Rs. 1/12

SPORTS SHIRTS-BATHING COSTUMES

Sports Shirts in variety	From Rs. 4/12
Fine Lisle Thread	Rs. 3/12
Cotton Bathing Costumes	Rs. 1/12
Woollen Bathing Costumes	Rs. 3/8

WOOLLIES IN VARIETY

Fancy Wool Pullovers	From Rs. 7/8
Fancy Wool Slipovers	Rs. 5/8
Fancy Wool Cardigans	Rs. 7/8

HEADWEAR

Trees Felt Hats	From Rs. 7/8
Hawkes Cork Topees	Rs. 12/8
Smart Tweed Hats	Rs. 5/

COLLAR WEAR

Semi Stiff Collars	6 For Rs. 3/
Starched Double Collars	Rs. 3/
Starched Dress Collars	Rs. 3/

FOOTWEAR

Black or Tan Boots	From Rs. 17/8
Smart Leather Shoes	Rs. 17/8
White Tennis Shoes	Rs. 7/8
Leather Slippers	Rs. 6/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Leather Belts	From Rs. 3/
Sock Suspenders	As. 12/-
Linen Handkerchiefs	As. 12/-
Jaeger Wool Gloves	Re. 1/

NECK WEAR

Washing Zephyr Ties	From Rs. 1/4
Washing Worsted Ties	Rs. 2/8
Silk Bow Ties	Re. 1/12
Silk Wide End Ties	Rs. 2/
Tie & Kerchief Sets	Rs. 3/

MUFFLERS

White Silk Dress	From Rs. 6/12
Black Silk Dress	Rs. 6/12
Coloured Art Silk	Rs. 5/
Jaeger Wool	Rs. 3/8

ASHMANS

MANY OTHER BARGAINS.

NEW YORK COTTON SEVEN POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES
OCTOBER 1940

	New York, Sept 3
Previous closing	9.29
To-day's opening	9.37
Difference	+08
To-day's closing	9.36
Difference	+07

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach April/May ..... Rs. 204

LIVERPOOL COTTON
OCTOBER 1940

	Liverpool, Sept 3
Previous closing	7.76
To-day's opening	7.78
Difference	+02
To-day's closing	7.78
Difference	+02

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept 3

The New York cotton displayed considerable activity to-day following the steadiness of overseas cables which induced trade and local support but at higher levels the demand slowed down.

The trading in October began at 9.37 i.e. eight points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on increased local buying but on subsidence of support the market reacted partially with October standing at 9.32.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange :—

October (9.27/27) 9.37/35
December (9.23/22) 9.32/31
March (9.06/07) 9.11/10

LONDON COMMODITIES

SEEDS

London, Sept 3

Castorseeds September October (£17 3/4) £17 3/4

Linseed Bombay Calcutta September October (£16 3/8) £16 3/8

Linseed La Plata September (£11 1/2) £11 5/8

Groundnuts Coromandal September October (£15) £15

JUTES

Dundee September (£29 1/2) £29 1/2
Lightning September (£27 1/2) £27 1/2

RUBBER

Spot (12 1/4d. value) 12 1/8d. buyers
Forward January March (11 15/16d paid and sellers) 11 3/4d buyers

METALS.

Tin (£257 1/4 buyers; £257 1/2 sellers. Barely steady) £255 1/2 buyers; £256 sellers. Easier.

Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay, Sept 3

There was no trading during the sign session.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

	New York, Sept 3
Previous closing	4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.03 3/8

T T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept 3

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Sept 3

T T London on Paris not quoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London, Sept 3

The following cable was received from London :—

India bought. Business small. Market steady.

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept 3

Spot (23 7/16d) 23 1/2d +1/16
Forward (23 3/16d) 23 5/16d +1/8

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept 3

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept 3

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0-3 7/16 to 0-3 13/16) 0-3 7/16 to 0-3 13/16
London on Kobe (1-2 to 1-2 1/2) 1-2 to 1-2 1/2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Sept 3

The following are the opening quotations :—

General Motors dol 48 3/8
Anaconda Copper Mining dol 21 7/8
U S Steel Commons dol 65 1/2
U S Steel Preference unquoted

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London, Sept 3

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept 3

The London Stock Exchange was generally steady.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Sept 3

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96 1/4) £96 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107¼) £107 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109½) £109 1/2
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104 1/4) £104 1/4
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1964/58 (£100½) £100 1/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1958/68 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£73 3/4 Ex Div) £73 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£100 3/8) £100 3/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 5/8) £98 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£112 5/8) £112 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 1/4) £101 1/4
New War Loan (£100 3/4) £100 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 7/8) £109 7/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (11-3) 11-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (34-6) 35-4 1/2
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (6-6) 6-6
Princhin Johnson (17-9) 18-0
Imperial Chemicals (25-4 1/2) 25-6
Woolsworth New Ordinary (56-6) 57-3
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£36 1/2) £36 3/4
Dundee Rubber (28-6) 28-9
Unilever Ordinary (19-6) 19-6
Ford Motors (15-6) 15-9
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£47) £47 1/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary (76-3 Ex Div) 76-10 1/2
Carreas 'A' (£24) £4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (91-3) 92-6
P and O Def (19-1 1/2) 19-1 1/2
Distillers (55-9) 55-9
Bredfords Dye (3-4 1/2) 3-4 1/2
British Celanese (3-9) 3-9
J and P Coates Ordinary (28-9) 28-9
Courtaulds Ordinary (27-7 1/2) 27-7 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (13-1 1/2) 13-1 1/2
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (40-0) 40-0

TEA SHARES

Assam (15-7 1/2) 16-3
Donaro Tea (26-10 1/2) 26-10 1/2
Empire of India (18) 18-0

JUTE

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (14-9) 14-6
Gula Kelampong (14-0) 13-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (24-9) 24-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (25) 25-0
Burma Corporation (7-3) 7-3
Rio Tintos (£6 1/2) £6 1/2
East Rand Properties (36-3) 36-3
Rand Mines (£5 3/4) £6

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12 5/8) £12 3/4
Associated Portland Cement (48-9) 49-4 1/2
Trinidad Leasehold (68-1 1/2) 68-1 1/2
Sub Nigel (£7 3/4) £7 7/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2
Union Corporation (£5 3/4) £5 3/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (23-1 1/2) 23-1 1/2
Anglo India (26-3) 26-10 1/2
Burma Oil (43-1 1/2) 43-1 1/2
Mexican Eagle (4-9) 4-9
Shell Transport (33-1 1/2) 34-4 1/2
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£27 1/2) £27 3/4
London Midland Ordinary (£11 3/4) £11 3/4
London North Eastern Def (£1 1/2) £1 1/2
London Southern Def (£9 3/4) £9 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£114 1/2) £114 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£28) £28

Sugar Market Firm With Good Demand

Bombay, Sept 3

Java sugar: Since our last review, local market for ready Java sugar has remained very quiet with small local demand at the current rate. There was no interest in transhipment owing to scarcity of freight. As regards forward positions, business for September is now almost liquidated, but small demand still exists for shipments to Out Ports at current rates. There were occasional enquiries for December at Rs. 8/12 but business is not possible as direct quotations received from Java are about 6 to 8 annas above the local parity. Locally there was almost total absence of interest in Java sugar and quotations are nominal. At the close tone of the market was uncertain.

INDIAN SUGAR

Market for ready continued to remain firm with a further advance of 6 to 8 annas per cwt. due to good demand for ready and stocks being reduced to a low level. Arrivals were limited and owing to small stocks, the ready prices were higher by about Rs. 1 per cwt. as compared with F.O.R. Factory deliveries to arrive here by the second or third week of September. There were sellers in the local market at the Syndicate limits but further business is checked as dealers have already purchased fair quantities and are not prepared to enter into fresh business until they are able to liquidate some portion of their holdings. It is reported that local merchants have purchased during the week about 20000/25000 bags of sugars of various mills at the Syndicate limits. Cawnpore market was reported firm for ready especially in Superior crystals and business was done at 4 to 6 annas per md. above the Syndicate limits. In ordinary crystals, some of the Mills who have not sold their quota were sellers at the Syndicate limits. At the close tone of the market was steady. As regards future course of the market, situation is considered to be very uncertain at present and will depend upon the policy of the Syndicate regarding unsold stocks which are estimated at about 8 lacs of tons.

FOREIGN MARKETS

On the New York Terminal market there was an all-round advance of 2 points. Java market was reported steady with the Nivas limit unchanged at 7.75 gilds. per 100 Kilos equal to Rs. 9-4-0 per cwt. Cif Bombay basis. The general position of Java market is considered very sound and according to reports, it appears that present prices will be maintained by the Nivas at least for some time to come.

CALCUTTA AND KARACHI

There is no interest in Java sugar in Calcutta and quotations are nominal. In Karachi business in Java sugar is chiefly confined to only 10,000 bags ready which the holders prefer to sell for Out Ports as the local prices are very low. As regards Indian sugars, ready prices have improved by 4 to 6 annas owing to good demand for ready from consuming centres. It is reported that fairly good business is done by the dealers during last few days at the Syndicate limits and some of the Mills who have still not sold their quotas are sellers. Tone of the market is steady.

GENERAL

Local market for ready Java sugar is likely to remain steady with prices fluctuating round about the present level of prices. As regards forward positions looking to the present conditions of Indian sugars, the chances for business in Java sugar for British India appears to be remote. It is likely that there may be some demand for December or March shipments from Java for some of the Maritime States but this will depend upon the price of sugar in Java which is at present far above the ideas of the buyers. On the whole the situation is uncertain at the moment and will depend upon the policy of the "Nivas" and the International political developments.

AMRUTANJAN (Regd.)

CURES ALL ACHES AND PAINS

Sold everywhere

AMRUTANJAN DEPOT.

Bombay & Madras.

RUMANIAN GENERAL TO JOIN DE GAULL!

LONDON, Sept. 3. Two Rumanian generals have resigned from the High Command, and one of them has decided to place himself under General De Gaulle.—Reuter.

SALVATION ARMY OFFICIAL INTERNED

LONDON, Sept. 3.

Commissioner Frankberrett. Chief of the Salvation Army in France, who is in Paris has been interned. The Salvationist representative in Holland Lt.-Col. H. B. Still has also been interned.—Reuter.

LONDON, Sept. 3.

"The people of the British Empire have made up their minds and God helping them, will never turn back," declares Viscount Caldecote, Dominions Secretary in a message given to Reuter on the anniversary of Britain's entry into the war. Lord Caldecote adds, "they stand together as one man and they follow words by deeds."—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

VIZAGAPATAM, Sept. 2.

Mr. Walchand Hirachand, Chairman of the Scindia's arrived here yesterday morning in connection with the proposed construction of a shipbuilding yard.—A. P.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3

Britain has assured the United States of its intention "never to sink or surrender the British Fleet the event of the waters surrounding the British Isles becoming untenable for his Majesty's ships," it is stated here.—Reuter.

WASHINGTON:—The House of Representatives Military Committee approved an amendment to the Conscription Bill permitting Government to acquire on a rental basis industrial factories for production of defence materials.—Reuter.

LONDON, Sept. 3.

The death is announced of Lord Horne, former Chancellor of the Exchequer.

LONDON:—Tahiti, seat of capital of the French group of Society Islands in the Pacific has rallied to General De Gaulle.

CAIRO:—Further R. A. F. attacks on jetties and warehouse were announced in the R. A. F. "communique". It is stated that all bombs fell in target area, but it was not possible to observe results. One fire started by a raid on the previous day was still burning.

LONDON:—It is now known that a further eight enemy planes were shot down by anti-aircraft fire yesterday making a total of fifty brought down.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Additional Facilities For Remittances

BOMBAY, Sept 3

A Press communique issued by the Reserve Bank of India states :—

In order to extend the facilities for the remittance of funds available to the public, scheduled banks, indigenous bankers, and co-operative banks and societies, the Reserve Bank of India with the approval of the Central and Provincial Governments, the Government of Burma and the Imperial Bank of India, has drawn up a procedure for remittance which will be introduced with effect from the 1st October 1940.

Under the new scheme, funds can be transferred from an office of the Reserve Bank of India, local head office, branch or sub-branch of the Imperial Bank of India, treasury or sub-treasury (maintaining a currency chest) to any other office of the Reserve Bank of India, Imperial Bank of India, treasury or sub-treasury (maintaining a currency chest).

The present procedure for remittance by currency telegraphic transfers and supply bills will be discontinued with effect from the 1st October 1940. Any further information required by the public, scheduled banks, indigenous bankers, co-operative banks and societies in connection with the new scheme can be obtained from any office of the Reserve Bank of India, Imperial Bank of India, treasury or sub-treasury.

Certain remittance facilities are also being extended to indigenous bankers who satisfy the conditions prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India. Indigenous bankers desirous of being included in the list should apply through the nearest treasury or sub-treasury officer to the Provincial Government concerned for information regarding the particulars necessary for inclusion.—A. P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

KARACHI, Sept 3

Cotton Sind January 18/4; Punjab January 15/8/6; FFFF January 22/7/6; Tone: Strong. Wheat September 28/2; November 28/2; Tone: Strong. Gram September 31/0/6; November 31/1/6; Toria September 31/1/6; November 36/11; Cottonseed September 22; January 17/7.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 3rd September, 1940 :—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. +.038 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.2 deg.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.2 deg.
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 86.9 deg. (1.8 above normal).
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 78.2 deg. (2.6 above normal).
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 78 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W-S-W.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 12 miles per hr.
Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 266 mls.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 25 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. to 10) 8.
Rainfall in 24 hours 0.06 inches.
Total rainfall during the month 0.41 inches
Total rainfall during the year 31.08 inches
Weather Remarks: Rain.

WEATHER REPORT

POONA, Sept 3

The following is the maximum and the minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at the various stations during the 24 hours ending at 8 a.m to-day :—

STATIONS.	Temperatures Maximum	Minimum	Rainfall Past 24 hours.	Total since June 1	Departure from normal.
Chittagong	88	80	—	53.5	−10.6
Calcutta	91	78	0.4	30.8	−7.5
Cuttack	89	81	—	52.0	+15.5
Ranchi	82	74	T	38.7	+0.3
Patna	86	77	0.3	30.2	−4.3
Gorakhpur	88	77	0.9	23.9	−11.8
Benares	89	80	—	33.5	+4.6
Allahabad	90	80	—	20.3	
Cawnpore	96	80	—	15.2	−11.2
Lucknow	95	81	—	27.3	−0.7
Jhansi	92	75	—	29.0	+1.0
Agra	95	77	—	14.2	−6.1
Bareilly	94	81	—	42.3	+10.5
Dehra Dun	89	76	—	49.2	−15.8
Delhi	97	77	—	17.7	−0.9
Ambala	99	80	—	20.1	+0.4
Ludhiana	102	79	—	21.3	+2.9
Lahore	102	79	—	7.6	−5.3
Sialkot	101	79	—	28.8	+9.0
Rawalpindi	102	75	—	20.9	+1.2
Lyallpur	104	77	—	3.1	−6.3
Multan	102	79	—	3.2	−1.5
Srinagar	90	64	—	7.2	+0.9
Peshawar	103	78	—	1.5	−2.4
Dehra Ismail Khan	106	75	—	2.3	−2.6
Fort Sandeman	97	71	—	3.2	−1.7
Quetta	88	49	—	0.5	
Rangoon	86	77	0.3	77.8	+17.0
Khandwa	87	73	—	29.5	+8.3
Jubbulpore	88	75	—	42.9	−0.1
Nagpur	91	77	T	59.3	+23.7
BOMBAY	87	78	0.1	79.7	+22.1
Ratnagiri	84	73	0.2	85.1	+2.0
Ahmednagar	86	70	T	14.8	+3.2
Poona	81	70	—	13.1	−2.6
Sholapur	92	72	0.4	18.2	+4.1
Hyderabad (Dn.)	88	73	T	16.3	−1.9
Bangalore	85	65	0.1	9.6	−3.4
Mysore	84	67	—	9.9	+0.4
Calicut	87	77	—	98.3	+17.7
Madras	96	80	—	9.1	−1.9
Shillong	79	66	—	40.6	−5.7
Simla	71	59	0.2	35.6	−6.8
Panchmarhi	81	66	—	83.2	+26.0
Kodaikanal	66	53	—	14.0	−2.8
Colombo	87	79	T	15.3	−1.3
Jacobabad	100	77	—	2.0	−0.1
Hyderabad (Sind)	97	75	—	4.5	−1.0
Karachi	84	76	—	4.6	−0.9
Jaipur	91	72	—	25.1	+6.1
Ajmer	87	73	—	23.5	+7.3
Deesa	90	71	—	16.1	−4.3
Rajkot	93	72	—	14.8	−6.6
Ahmedabad	90	75	—	16.2	−7.6
Bhopal	85	72	—	38.2	
Akola	89	76	—	30.9	+9.3
Amraoti	89	75	—	31.9	+9.3
Indore	84	71	T	35.5	+11.3
Marmagoa	82	73	0.2	108.0	
Malegaon	87	69	—	9.9	−2.8
Mussoorie	71	—	0.2	77.5	+13.3
Mahableshwar	64	60	1.4	220.9	−10.0
Bahawalpur	101	78	—	3.9	+0.1
Belgaum	76	67	0.1	38.9	+4.5
Murree	76	61	—	29.2	−2.3
Cherrapunji	73	66	1.0	216.2	−63.0
Bijapur	87	70	—	8.1	−0.1
Dalhousie	79	63	T	53.4	+1.2
Mount Abu	73	61	—	45.5	−4.8
Ootacamund	64	51	—	20.8	−0.8
Jodhpur	90	73	—	10.0	+0.2

T indicates rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.

Monsoon To Be Active In Assam And Bengal

POONA, Sept 3

The monsoon has been strong in Bengal, and active in Assam. Rainfall has been fairly widespread in Konkan, and local in the Bay Islands, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, United Provinces Hills, Mysore while a few falls are reported from east United Provinces, Punjab Hills, Central parts of the country, Bombay Deccan and south Hyderabad.

Forecast (until the evening of 4th) :—The monsoon will be active in Assam, and Bengal. Local rain is likely in Bihar and Konkan while a few falls may also occur in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, east United Provinces, Punjab, United Provinces Hills, Central parts of the country, Hyderabad, south Bombay Deccan, Mysore and Malabar.—A. P.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 3/9/1940.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.2 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.00 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.80 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

NAZI RAIDERS SCATTERED

(Continued from page 1)

London area at 10-30 (G. M. T.).

As the German bombers headed for home across marshes they could be heard jettisoning their bombs miles from any military objective.

The Germans were thoroughly beaten after an hour's fighting and were pursued across the coast by British fighters.

The second air raid warning sounded in London area at 13-49 G. M. T.

The all clear was given at 15-01 G. M. T.

It is understood that the second warning was due to the presence of high-flying raiders over south-east England. Bombs were dropped on one south-east town and surrounding area.

SHIPPING LOSSES

LONDON, Sept. 3

The Admiralty announces:—"Mercantile losses due to enemy action in the week ended August 25/26 were:

BRITISH: 13 ships (69340 tons))

ALLIED: One ship (1718 tons).

NEUTRALS: Two ships (8692 tons.)

For this week the enemy claimed to have sunk a total of 183964 tons which is over twice the actual losses. The enemy losses upto September 2 totalled 11,96,000 tons, German losses being 9,23,000 and Italian 2,73,000.

The Allies have also sunk 32,000 tons of shipping normally Neutral, but seized by the enemy.—Reuter.

MEDAL AND BAR FOR DESTROYING 21 NAZI PLANES

LONDON, Sept. 3.

Twenty-one enemy aircraft were personally destroyed by Sergeant Herbert James Lampriere Hallomes. The name figures in the latest list of awards in which he received the Distinguished Flying Medal and A. Bar.—Reuter.

U. S. SPEED UP PLANES PRODUCTION

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.

Plane production in the United States is now a thousand a month and will reach the figure of 2,000 monthly early next year, according to an announcement by the National Defence Commission in Washington.—Reuter.

42 GERMAN PLANES SHOT DOWN ON MONDAY

LONDON, Sept. 2.

The Air Ministry states up to 9 p. m. forty-two German planes were shot down to-day. Thirteen British fighters were lost and pilot of seven are safe. It is now known that three more enemy aircraft were destroyed on Saturday making the total 88. One airforce-pilot, reported missing on Saturday, is now reported to be safe.—Reuter.

WAR STATEMENT AND DEBATE TO-DAY

LONDON, Sept. 3.

It is now definitely arranged that Mr. Churchill will make a statement on the war situation when the House of Commons reassembles on Thursday. A brief debate may follow.—Reuter.

HULL-LOTHIAN NOTES

(Continued From Page 1)

on the southern coast of New Foundland and on the east coast and Great Bay of Bermuda."

NO COMMERCIAL BASIS

The Note continues: "In view of the desire of the United States to acquire additional air and naval bases in the Carribean and British Guiana and without endeavouring to place monetary or commercial, value upon he rights and properties involved, His Majesty's Government will make available to the United States for immediate establishment and use of naval and air bases on the eastern side of Bhamas, southern coast of Jamaica, western coast of Saint Lucia, west coast of Trinidad in the Gulf of Paria, in the Island of Antigua and in British Guiana within fifty miles of George Town in exchange for military equipment and material which the United States will transfer to the British Government.

FREE OF RENT.

All the bases referred to will be leased for a period of 99 years free from all rent and charges other than mutually agreed compensation to owners of private property. The British Government in the leases to be agreed on will grant the United States all rights of power and authority within the bases leased and within the limits of the territorial waters and air spaces in the vicinity of such bases necessary to provide access to them and protection of them. The exact location and bounds of the bases will be determined by common agreement. Britain is prepared immediately to designate experts to meet United States experts for this purpose."—Reuter.

HULL ACCEPTS PROPOSALS

Mr. Cordell Hull in his Note to Lord Lothian gladly accepts the British proposals and declares that in consideration of the British declarations "the Government of the United States will immediately transfer to His Majesty's Government 50 United States navy destroyers, generally referred to as 1,200 ton type."

EDEN ON THREAT OF INVASION

LONDON, Sept. 3.

Need for special watchfulness against an attempt at invasion during the next few weeks was stressed by Mr. Anthony Eden speaking at a National Defence Public Interest luncheon.

It would be most foolish to suppose that because autumn approaches, the threat of invasion had already passed.

There was no shred of evidence to show that Hitler had abandoned his declared intention to seek to subjugate this country by invasion. There was plenty of evidence to cause us to be specially watchful during the next few weeks.—Reuter.

EPOCHAL ACT

(Continued from page 1.)

ing that it was a forerunner of anything else.

The President said that the destroyers would be transferred to England reasonably soon.

Asked whether some of them were already 'en route', he replied that he would not say that and he did not know where they were at present. He added that the United States could not, of course, deliver the destroyers to England—a remark which was taken to imply that British or Canadian crews would man them.—Reuter.

MY TEETH AND GUMS LOOK AND FEEL BETTER SINCE I BEGAN USING THE TUFTED Pro-phy-lac-tic
Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip
IS SCIENTIFICALLY DESIGNED TO CLEAN ALL THE TEETH
The notched surface fits between the teeth, thoroughly cleans every tiny nook and crevice.
WHY Pro-phy-lac-tic BRUSHES ARE SO SUPERIOR
1. The big end tuft assures thorough cleansing of back teeth as well as front.
2. The notched surface cleans in between all the teeth—front and back, inside and outside.
3. Brush is welded to handle by special Perma-Grip process.
4. Highest quality—lasts longer—most economical.
Remember—only a brush with a tufted end thoroughly cleans all the teeth.
INSIST UPON Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip
ALWAYS SOLD IN THE YELLOW BOX

● The big end tuft of the Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip is absolutely essential to proper cleansing of the teeth. It reaches way back into the mouth, cleans hard-to-reach back teeth where most decay begins. The notched surface gets between the teeth, massages and stimulates the gums, too. You can always clean your teeth better with a tufted Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip.

A Boy's Brave Word to Youth!

"YOUR FEET MAY FALTER, BUT MARCH ON!"

Bandhan

BOMBAY TALKIES' RHYTHMIC ROMANCE

SURESH, the young lad who brings a refreshing juvenile zest to the screen.

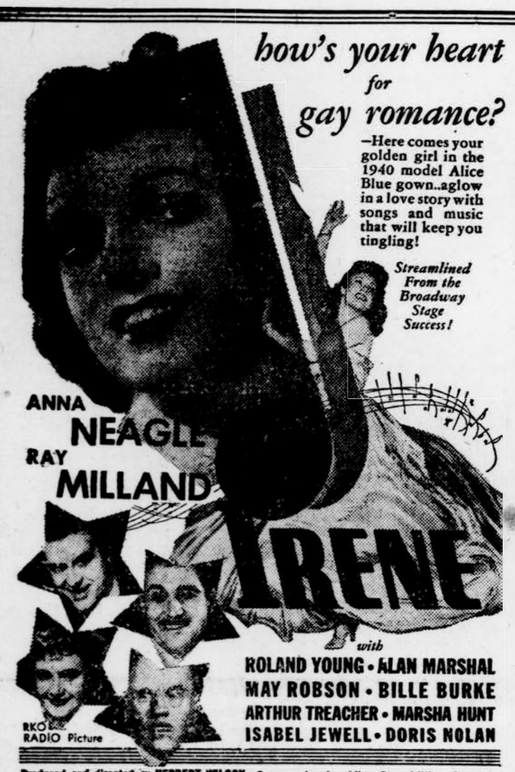
TO-MORROW, 10 A. M. "PATH BHULE" Great BENGALI Comedy

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m. To-day & To-morrow, 1 p. m. ROXY

how's your heart for gay romance?

—Here comes your golden girl in the 1940 model Alice Blue gown..aglow in a love story with songs and music that will keep you tingling!

Streamlined From the Broadway Stage Success!



Produced and directed by HERBERT WILCOX. Screen play by Alice Duer Miller. From the Musical Comedy, "IRENE". Book by James H. Montgomery. Music and Lyrics by Harry Tierney and Joseph McCarthy.

NEW EMPIRE 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

CAPITOL from TO-DAY Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

with Stan LAUREL Oliver HARDY DENNIS KING

THE PICTURE THAT HAS MADE MONTHS LOOK LIKE WEEKS

NATIONAL STUDIOS'

WOMAN

Starring: SURENDRA, SARDAR AKHTAR & YAKUB

Director: MEHBOOB

17TH WEEK AT PATHE

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

(Matinee at 1 p.m. To-day & To-morrow)

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Bhadarva Shud 3, 1996
Muslim: Shaban 1, 1359
Parsi: Gatha 5, 1309
Hightide: 1-00; 13-16
Lowtide: 6-58; 19-27
Sunrise: 6h. 24m.
Sunset: 6h. 52m.

Lectures On Trotsky

"Life and Death" of Leon Trotsky" will be the subject of lectures by prominent speakers to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Mantri House, Sandhurst Bridge, (opposite Allies Restaurant). Mr. Purushottam Tricumdas will preside.

"VATNI"

The efforts of Godrej Soaps, Ltd. in producing yet another soap calculated to fill the prevailing general need for a low-priced quality toilet soap are commendable. "Vatni", the new soap, large-sized, pleasantly perfumed, made to their usual high standards from pure vegetable oils, and priced at only 3 annas a cake, deserves the increasing popularity that is greeting it.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION

There will be public lecture to-day (Wednesday) in Union Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge Chowpatty, at 6-30 p.m when Prof. Ibue Hasan Rezavi, Rajasaheb of Pirpur, Chaudary Khaliquzaman will address the gathering The Rajasaheb of Mahmoudabad will preside

MYSORE ASSOCIATION

The President and the members of the Mysore Association will entertain the "Bangalore Muslims" on Wednesday, the 4th instant at 8 a.m. at the Association premises.

STUDENTS AND KHADDAR

There will be a public meeting at Munjal Villa, Tagore Road, West-End, Santa Cruz, to-day (Wednesday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. Purshottam Kanji, (Kakubhai) will speak on "Students and Economics of Khaddar."

JAMBOREE SCOUT HOME

The 7th lecture of the Jamboree Scout Home lecture series will be delivered by Mr. B. H. Suryavanshi, Headmaster, Worli English School to-day (Wednesday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Hall of the Institute (D. D. Chawl No. 33).

DADAR VIVEKANANDA SOCIETY

A study class on Shree Ramakrishna Katbamirta (Teachings of Shree Ramakrishna) in Marathi will be held at 7-30 p.m. to-day (Wednesday) at the Society's premises, Jadao Bhuvan, Dr. D'Silva Road, Dadar (B. B. & C. I.).

METRO DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M. TELEPHONE 31045

As romantic as a new moon! As thrilling as a pirate raid! The King and Queen of Song...in 1940's mightiest musical triumph!

Jeanette MacDONALD NELSON EDDY in "New Moon"

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

IN TECHNICOLOR! SWANEE RIVER

The Story of Stephen C. Foster, the Great American Troubadour!

Don Ameche · Andrea Leeds · Al Jolson

LATEST WAR NEWS

Free List Suspended.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"The Devil's Brother." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Swanee River" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"New Moon". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Turnabout" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Irene". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Kanya-Dan" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bandhan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Lapandav" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bharosa" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Matwali Meera" Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.

'A' WARD BY-ELECTION

Mr. E. B. Ghaswala, Advocate, Bombay High Court, is standing as a candidate for election to the Bombay Municipal Corporation for 'A' Ward in the vacancy created by the resignation of Mr. Meyer Nissim.

CONDEMNATION OF GOVT. ATTITUDE

'A' WARD PUBLIC MEETING

To-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. at Rajwadeker Street, Colaba, a public meeting of the citizens of Bombay will be held under the auspices of the 'A' Ward Congress Committee for the purpose of explaining the Working Committee's resolutions and protesting against the action of the Government in not accepting the Congress offer, when Mr. B. G. Kher and Mr. M. Y. Nurie will be among the principal speakers, and Mr. S. A. Brelvi will preside.

PUBLIC MEETING AT PALAN SOJPAL CHAWL

A public meeting, under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Palan Sojpal Compound, Portuguese Church Street, Dadar, to condemn the attitude adopted by the British Government in regard to the National Demand, when Sjt. B. G. Kher, Sjt. S. K. Patil and others will speak.

PROTEST MEETING AT BHAT BAZAR

A public meeting will be held at Bhat Bazar, near Fountain to-day (Wednesday) at 8-30 p.m. Mr. Salebhai Abdul Kader, the Chairman of the Mandvi Ward Satyagraha Committee, will preside. Messrs. Kaitilal Gandhi, Devji Rattansey, Jayantilal Lathi and others will explain the Congress resolution condemning the British offer.

MEETING AT TARDEO

Under the auspices of the Girgaum District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at Gora Gandhi (Compound) Tardeo. Sjt. D. R. Ghorpure will preside. Sjts. S. K. Patil, P. R. Lele, Ganpatishankar Desai, V. M. Kanele and others will speak.

MEETING IN 'F' WARD

There will be a public meeting to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Lal Maidan, Lal Baug. Sri. D. D. Wadia will preside and Sris Sarat Chandra Pawar and Shantilal M. Zhaveri who speak on "The latest resolution of the Working Committee on the Political Situation."

Dr. Atal's Lecture At Blavatsky Lodge

Dr. Atal, the leader of the Congress Medical Unit to China, will deliver a public lecture on "My Experiences in China" at the Blavatsky Lodge to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.). Dr. Gilder, ex-Minister for Health, Government of Bombay, will preside.

REPORT OF THE ASSAM-BENGAL HAJJ CONFERENCE

The Secretary, All-India Hajees' Welfare League, 38, Wellesley Street, Calcutta, writes: Some 500 copies of the report of the Assam-Bengal Hajj Conference are still available for distribution among the public. Those Associations and individuals who are interested in the welfare of Hajj pilgrims may obtain copies by sending one anna in postage stamps. If the demand exceeds the number at our disposal, the letters received late will be returned unopened, provided the sender's name and address are written on the left side of the envelopes.

TIME TO JOIN CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

Pandit Madhavacharya, Shri Venkatesh Mandir, Fanaswadi, Bombay, writes:—

The present head of the Varnashrama Swarajja Sangh, Shriyut Burjora M.L.A. when invited by the H. E. the Viceroy offered his unconditional support to war effort in his capacity as the President of the Sangh.

Goswami Krishnajivanji, son of Gokinathji Maharaj, has questioned the right of Shriyut Burjoria to give any such undertaking to H. E. the Viceroy; and suggests bargaining with the British Government.

In my opinion, now is the time to join the Central Government, if Britain is prepared to specify the time-limit for the attainment of Dominion Status and invite representatives of all political parties.

TRAVANCORE STATE CONGRESS

Ernaculam. (By Mail)

The Secretary-in-charge, Travancore State Congress, writes:—

Mr. A. Achuthan, the 13th acting president of the Travancore State Congress, has nominated Mr. G. Ramachandran as the 14th acting president, on his arrest at Trivandrum on the 22nd instant and Mr. G. Ramchandran has accepted the nomination.

Special Classes For Air Raid Instructors

Under the auspices of the Parsi Ambulance Division, St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas, a series of a special class for Air Raid Instructors' Course and Wardens will commence at Lady Willingdon Building, opposite Metro Cinema, Esplanade Maidan, from Tuesday, the 17th instant at 6-15 p.m.

The course consists of about 12 lectures twice a week every Tuesday and Friday at 6-30 p.m., illustrated by charts, models, diagrams and slides etc. and practical demonstrations will be given in fighting incendiarism, salvage work, for sand-bagging, incendiary and high explosive bombs with different types of respirators and gas-chamber training which is first of its type for civilians' use.

THANA CATHOLIC ASSOCIATION

(From A Correspondent)

The Thana Catholic Association was 'At Home' to the very Rev. Fr. B. F. D'Silva, Vara and Vicar of Thana last Sunday evening in the Divecha Town Hall.

Fr. D'Silva thanked the Association and paid a tribute to the Association's splendid work of referring especially to the Death Benefit Fund and the X'mas Saving Fund from which needy Catholics were helped by way of loans. He concluded by offering the Association his fullest co-operation and help as its Ecclesiastical Adviser.

Parsi New Year Celebration

SPECIAL PEACE PRAYER

Under the auspices of the Rathestar Mandal, a special Parsi gathering will be held at the Minerva Cinema, Lamington Road, to-morrow (Thursday) at 10 a.m. (S.T.) when Sir Jehangir B. Behman-Beram will preside. After the Peace Prayer is offered short sermons will be delivered by Mr. Nanabhai F. Mama and Ervad Navroz D. Minocherhomji followed by a free Cinema show.

"Kaiser-i-Hind" Pateti Number

With the advent of the Parsi holidays, the city is flooded with special numbers of Gujarati publications, particularly dailies and weeklies, and, as usual, the "Kaiser-i-Hind" is one of the first journals to issue their annuals. Divided into the sections the number contains quite a large number of articles, both in Gujarati and English, from well-known writers, on diverse subjects, which will provide intellectual food to the numerous readers.

The number is profusely illustrated. The frontispiece entitled "Maternite" and the photos. The number makes a good New Year present, at a popular price; and its readers will wish Mr. Hirjibhedin, who is at present laid up with serious illness, speedy recovery to continue his good journalistic work of about four decades' standing.

Bombay War Gifts Fund

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs 14,60,804-3-1.
Grand total: Rs. 14,73,056-10-4.

Postal Holiday

Thursday, September 5 being a Post Office holiday on account of "Ganesh Chathurthi" all the Departments of the General Post Office and its Town Sub Offices including the Combined Offices except those mentioned below will observe on that day the same working hours as on Sundays.

The Telegraph Branches of the following Combined Offices will however remain open for traffic and work as usual.

1. Colaba, 2. Kalbadevi, 3. Masjid, 4. Mazgaon, 5. Bombay G.P.O., 6. Byculla, 7. Girgaon, 8. Malabar Hill, 9. Parel, 10. Dadar, 11. Bandra, 12. Mahim, 13. Mandvi, 14. Grant Road, 15. Vile Parle, 16. Santa Cruz.

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CALL TO AGAKHANIS

Mr. Mahomed Manji, President, H. H. the Aga Khan's Shia Imami Ismailia Supreme Council of Kathiawar, Rajkot, writes:—

"The President, H. H. the Aga Khan's Shia Imami Ismailia Supreme Council of Kathiawar (Rajkot), hereby calls upon all the Kathiawar followers of H. H. the Aga Khan, to observe 8th September, 1940, as a day for mass prayer at evening time and pray for the speedy success of the British Empire and its Allies. The various Jamats at different places will, it is hoped, assemble at their respective Jamatkhanas and offer prayers."

DADABHAI ANNIVERSARY

Under the auspices of the Gujarati Hindu Stri Mandal of Bombay, Dadabhai Naoroji anniversary will be celebrated in the Hall of the Mandal to-day (Wednesday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) when prizes, medals etc., will be distributed. Mr. K. M. Munshi will preside.

KHAR GYMKHANA

(From A Correspondent)

The annual general meeting of the Khar Gymkhana was held at the Gymkhana pavilion, Khar, on 31st August. Mr. Shawak H. Mehta presided. After the adoption of the report and the statement of accounts Mr Shawak H. Mehta was re-elected as President for the new year. The following were elected members of the Managing Committee: Messrs. M. K. Shah, G. V Jayakar, R. G Nayak, V. H. Mehta, M. P. Dhairyawan, M S. Tayabji, G. S. Gupte, G. A. Kulkarni, S. K. Mukerji, D. B. Shah, Prof. V. G. Rao and Mrs. M. S. Jhabwalla. Messrs. K. Subramanium and S. B. Padhya were elected as Hon. Auditors.

KARNATAK SANGH

At the seventh annual general meeting of the Karnatak Sangh, Bombay, held at Brahman Samaj Hall, Bombay, the following office-bearers were elected on the Managing Committee for the year 1940-41: Mr. G. R. Madbhavi (President); Mr. G. K. Betagiri (Vice-President); Mr. B. M. Kulkarni (Hon. Gen. Secretary); Mr. B. M. Katti (Hon. Secretary); Mr. R. A. Pandurangi (Hon. Treasurer); Mr. V. S. Kathawati (Hon. Librarian).

NAMDEO SAMAJIK SANSTHA

It is proposed to hold a special prize distribution ceremony shortly, under the auspices of the above Sanstha when prizes will be given in memory of the late Messrs. G. R. Sadre, M. M. Khandke, Master Bhaskar Kakde, Gangabai Ausarkar, K. G. Bugde, and Chinubai Barodekar, to about forty candidates who took part in the Elocution Competition held recently, under the presidentship of Mr. J. G. Mahadik.

BOMBAY WELFARE SOCIETY

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the above Society will be held at Mr. G. N. Desai's residence, at Joshi Building, Kalbadevi Road, opposite Bhangwadi, to-day (Wednesday) at 9 a.m. (S.T.).

The annual general meeting will be held at the same place and on the same day after the first meeting.

INDIAN SUGAR EMPLOYEES' ASSOCIATION

Indian Sugar Employees' Association is to hold its third annual session on September 15 and 16 in the hall of the Imperial Technical Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore with Mr. B. D. Sukla in the chair. Dr. K. N. Katju will deliver an inaugural address on the 15th.

Means and ways to improve the conditions of employment in sugar factories will be considered.

Miss Indumati Sathe, daughter of Mr. J. L. Sathe, I.C.S., who returned to India recently having obtained the diploma in Sculpture of the University of London. Miss Sathe has specialised in Portraiture and direct stone and wood carving and is an expert in the modern process of bronze casting.

Wiles Visits Labour Welfare Centres

Sir Gilbert Wiles, Adviser to the Governor of Bombay, visited the Labour Welfare Centres at Worli and DeLisle Road on Monday morning.

He went round the Health Exhibition organized by the Labour Welfare Department.

Communications Member

SIMLA, Sept. 3.

Sir Andrew Clow, Communications Member, leaves Simla on Thursday, September 5, and arrives in Bombay on Saturday and after staying there two days proceeds to Cochin. From Cochin he goes to Madras, then to Poona and returns to Simla on Tuesday, September 17.—A. P.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

With black-out of the roadways being enforced has come the grave danger of risking one's life, limb or property. With the shady trees over most of the Suburban roadways walking or driving through them is dangerous and may positively prove fatal.

How long this restriction will last no body can say. Government must give this problem their due consideration, and before long some way must be found for the safety of the people.

BANDRA DRAMA

On Saturday September 7, at 6 p.m. will be held a dramatic performance in aid of the Red Cross Fund at St. Stanislaus High School Hall, Bandra, organised by the Suburban Ladies Amateur Dramatic Society The play to be staged is "The Rivals".

Telugu Film At Shireen Talkies

"Mahiravana" or "Chandrasena", the Telugu mythological film produced by Kubera Pictures Ltd., Kilpauk, Madras, will be shown as a holiday attraction at Shireen Talkies, Jacob Circle, at 10 a.m. to-morrow Thursday and Friday the 5th and 6th instant, at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

The well-known Telugu star, Kanchanmala, has the feminine lead. Others in the cast are Gaggiah Rami Reddi, Subrahmanya Kumari. The story is an important episode in Ramayana depicting Hanuman at his best in dealing with the underworld of ancient India.

Tamil Drama At Parel

The Sri Ranjani Amateurs will stage their 16th play Sri Krishna Thulabharam on Thursday at Damodar Thackersey Hall at 6 p.m. it is a mythological story which teaches the path of Salvation through devotion. Bama the haughy spouse of Lord Krishna tries to win over her lord by the devious methods of human passion, but the divine mischief-maker Narada intervenes and successfully shows that Rukmani's sacred and selfless devotion is the best road to the Lord's Love. The story is full of comic interludes which will be gripping to the last.

Tamil Film For Broadway

"Bhakta Prahlad", a Tamil picture, will be shown at Broadway Talkies, Dadar, today and to-morrow at 10-30 a.m.

Hal Roach presents THORNE (Topper) SMITH'S HILARIOUS NOVEL "TURNABOUT"

EXCELSIOR 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

THE RULES OF HEALTH are few and simple..

FIRST thing in the morning—even before washing—think of Inner Cleanliness. For a clear skin, bright eyes and that inner sparkle which is the secret of loveliness, Inner Cleanliness is far more effective than any outside treatment. And Andrews Liver Salt gives you Inner Cleanliness as nothing else can.

Feel the bubbling swish of it cleansing your mouth and throat as you drink it. While the delicious tang is still on your tongue Inner Cleanliness begins. While still effervescing, Andrews washes the stomach walls, removes the mucus that tends to clog the tiny gland openings and reduces excess acidity. Then easily, smoothly and gently Andrews clears the system without disturbance. Remember, Andrews is not a harsh purgative. It acts without pain and there is no need to keep increasing the dose. Andrews is by far the best laxative for *all* ages—even for children. Don't miss taking your Andrews regularly. Handy size (4 oz.) As. 11. Large size (double quantity) Rs. 1/4.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1940.

TOWARDS A SETTLEMENT

The Board appointed by the All-India Azad Muslim Conference "to formulate definite proposals for a permanent and just settlement of the communal problem" has just issued an elaborate questionnaire covering almost every aspect of the Hindu-Muslim problem. The questionnaire is being addressed to all prominent Indian Muslims and replies are invited by the 25th instant so as to enable the Board "to tabulate them for inclusion in the material which is to form the basis of their recommendations to be submitted to the next Conference." The time given for replies cannot be said to be too short, considering the urgent need for a communal settlement. The Board rightly feels that no time can now be lost in waiting for the results of other efforts that are being made in this direction. If sincere efforts for a settlement are made by different groups in their own ways, it will not be difficult to co-ordinate these efforts only when the time for it is appropriate.

Searching And Helpful Questionnaire

The questionnaire is fairly exhaustive and includes questions even about details like the relief of indebtedness and control of usury. Some of the questions may appear to be leading ones, but they are not really so. The very first question is of this type and is as follows: "In view of the fact that Hindus, Muslims and other inhabitants of India have lived side by side with one another for over 1,000 years, is it not necessary that a form of government should be devised for the country as a whole under which while the country should enjoy the same freedom and sovereignty as other independent countries of the world, all the inhabitants of India, whatever their religious or political beliefs, should be guaranteed joint partnership in all the resources of the country and full rights of equal citizenship in every walk of life and in every department of the State?" The question is fair, intelligently worded, and only states certain considerations which need to be borne in mind in its discussion but which are sometimes likely to be lost sight of. The same may be said of the question about the State language which is as follows: "What in your opinion should be the State language for Federal and inter-Provincial contacts and communications? Should it not be the commonly spoken Hindustani language of upper India which is widely understood in the major part of the country?" Any answer may be given to these questions but a full and fair answer should not evade the essential considerations specified. One of the most important questions is the 5th which invites opinions on certain specific suggestions about safeguards for minorities. One of these, which suggests the general nature of the Indian constitution, provides: "Neither the country as a whole, nor any part of it, nor the resources thereof shall be claimed by any particular community, group or party as their exclusive domain and the Constitutional structure of the country as a whole shall be Federal and non-unitary, and the Provinces or Federal units or States shall be fully autonomous in all respects, the Federal Centre, exercising only such and so many powers on behalf of the several federal units as may relate to matters of common interest only according to an "agreed list" of Federal subjects such, for instance, as External Affairs, Defence, Communications, Customs, Harbours, Territorial Waters, Lighthouse, etc. Questions like these show how searching yet how helpful the questionnaire is.

Wanted Psychological Change

It is obvious that the questionnaire has a great purpose behind it if it can be worthily served if all or most of the prominent Muslim leaders to whom it is sent reply to it in full within the prescribed time. We believe that others who are vitally interested in the matter and have constructive suggestions to make are also expected to submit them with reasons to support them. Probably some of the Muslim League leaders will not care to notice the questionnaire or will deal with it in a prejudiced way. That is the greater reason why the others should deal with the questionnaire in a dispassionate manner. Their efforts in this direction will in no way interfere with those of the Congress which it may have to make independently. Apart from direct negotiations for a settlement with the League or the Azad Conference, the Congress can do much for communal amity by bringing about what may be called a psychological change in the minds of those minority sections that are now distrustful of the Congress policy. We have no doubt Gandhiji regards such a change essential for any mass struggle of a thoroughly non-violent type. That is why in one of his recent articles in *Harijan* he laid special stress on this aspect of the Congress constructive programme. But in these days when the best-intentioned plans of work are misinterpreted by communalists and converted into fresh grievances, merely asking the Congress to work for communal unity will not suffice. Some definite scheme that can appeal to many is desirable. And we fervently hope Gandhiji will soon prepare some such scheme and commend it to the Congress.

Bucharest's Plight

So extensive and dangerous has been the reaction in Transylvania and Rumania against the Vienna Award that the Bucharest Government had to take the unprecedented step of banning all demonstrations of "national grief" over it. The ban, however, does not seem to have succeeded nor has the situation been brought under control. Indeed, not only is trouble brewing in the Army but the High Command itself is also reported to be in a state of general dislocation. As to the people, fresh demonstrations have broken out in Cluj and the Transylvanians are determined not to surrender without a fight. Moreover, M. Manin himself is apparently preparing to lead the resistance to Hungary. All this tends to show that to-day—when Hungarian troops are scheduled to march in—will mark a serious crisis in Rumania. And it may lead to military intervention by the Nazis, which, in itself, may signalise more serious developments.

Meanwhile, it is reported from Ankara that informal Turko-Greek discussions have been proceeding recently "with the object of establishing what aid, if any, Greece could expect from Turkey if she were a victim of aggression". Such discussions are not only natural but also desirable because Turkey is vitally interested in the fate of Greece. But developments concerning Greece depend upon developments in Rumania. Secondly, in the event of a revival of the Italo-Greek trouble, Turkish attitude will perforce be guided by the policy of the Soviet, who, it is more likely than not, will put a ban on any assistance that Turkey may want to give to Greece.

Democracy In Britain

How It Has Reacted To "Total War"

By R. H. S. CROSSMAN

The beginning of the second year of war finds the British people more firmly united than at any time since 1918. The recent statistical survey conducted by the British Institute of Public Opinion showed that 88 per cent of the people supported Mr. Winston Churchill as Premier. No Premier, since the survey started its work, has achieved anything approaching this percentage of support.

Even more remarkable than the unity of the people has been the successful retention of democratic liberties inspite of the vast emergency powers which the Government has been forced to take. It was commonly argued in the period before the war that any country in order to prosecute a war efficiently, would have "to go Fascist". The fallacy of this belief which was sedulously fostered by Nazi propaganda has been amply demonstrated since the Churchill-Labour Government accelerated the pace of war effort. Parliament is livelier now than at any time in recent years, witness the debates on the Emergency Powers Act, the treatment of refugees and on the Ministry of Information.

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Outside the Government the democratically elected local authorities continue their work in spite of war. We still have a press free both to praise and to criticise the Government and to express the grievances of those to whom the war has brought hardship. We still have free speech and most important of all, we still have access to impartial courts law to redress an injustice. In this war for democracy, Britain has not been forced to copy the methods of the Gestapo. On the contrary she is demonstrating that real efficiency can best be achieved not by the ruthless orders of one party in the State but by free co-operation of all classes and individuals in cause freely espoused by all.

At the beginning of the war few people in this country recognised the full size of the task before them. The blame for this cannot be allotted to one class or one group of persons. Nearly everyone hoped to be able to wage war while still continuing to maintain the peace time structure of our society. It was commonly said that we would do well to start where we left off in 1918. But since 1918 there has been twenty-five years of fast moving history and by spring this year it became clear that attempts to organise our war economy on the same lines as in the last war would not bring us victory. Against the Nazi totalitarian war machine something infinitely more drastic was needed. That is the real reason for the fall of the Chamberlain Government and the establishment of the new Churchill-Labour Government whose first act was to move the Emergency Powers Bill of unprecedented scope.

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Since then something like a peaceful revolution has been taking place in this country in the midst of war. We are learning at last that war itself in the modern world is a revolution demanding the complete reconstruction of our social life. In finance, in the control of industry, and in social legislation, Britain is accepting changes almost every day which in peace time would have created the bitterest political conflict. And these changes are being accepted willingly. Indeed, popular demand is for a more drastic financial policy and a more urgent mobilisation of manpower and the forces of production. The Nazis organised their ruthless war machine through a dictatorship imposed from above; in Britain amazing experiments are taking place. The Nation is mobilizing its resources for the defence of freedom not by force but by voluntary co-operation. It is, for instance, Ernest Bevin, the most powerful defender of trade union liberties, who is organising the labour power of the nation. As Minister for Labour he fosters intimate co-operation both with Trade Union leaders and with employers. It is Herbert Morrison, the Socialist Head of the London County Council, who now controls the Ministry of Supply and plans our war production in harmony with Lord Beaverbrook, at one time his fiercest critic. But the social changes which are now taking place have a value which is not limited to the immediate needs of war. The establishment of a minimum wage for agricultural labourers of 48s. per week will do much when the war is over to prevent that drift from the land which has been the bane of our countryside. Experiments in the provision of free and cheap milk in community feeding and even the evacuation of children to the countryside—all these measures are necessary war effort but they are also designed to break down the conflict of classes and create a social order more just and more equal than that which existed before war. In the mobilisation of the nation for the defence of freedom against tyranny we are already laying the foundations of a new social order.

When the battle is done we shall not try, as we did in 1918, to go back "to normal." The war is forcing us to put our house in order, plan our resources and assure everyone of the means of subsistence. Out of this war time planning there will develop a peace time planning. And it is my conviction that Britain now is not looking back to a past golden age, but forward to an era of reconstruction and regeneration when the war is over which unites the nation behind Mr. Churchill.

Our Readers' Views

A Parable

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—At this juncture when the political atmosphere of this country is surcharged with much distrust and violence, and when men of right and learning even incessantly indulge in unseemly rancour over the question of Swaraj for the whole Indian nation, or Pakistan for the Muslims only, dear Mr. Editor, the following parable by the famous Syrian poet-philosopher, Khalil Gibran, will be read by your readers, I venture to believe, with interest and advantage. Here it is:

Upon a lonely mountain, there lived two hermits who worshipped God and loved one another.

Now these two hermits had one earthen bowl, and this was their only possession.

One day an evil spirit entered into the heart of the older hermit and he came to the younger and said, "It is long that we have lived together. The time has come for us to part. Let us divide our possessions."

Then the younger hermit was saddened and he said: "It grieves me, brother, that you shouldst leave me. But if thou must needs go, so be it," and he brought the earthen bowl and gave it to him, saying, "We cannot divide it, brother, let it be thine."

Then the older hermit said, "Charity I will not accept. I will take nothing but mine own. It must be divided."

And the younger one said, "It the bowl be broken, of what use would it be to thee or to me? If it be thy pleasure let us rather cast a lot."

But the elder hermit said again, "I will have but justice and mine own, and I will not trust justice and mine own to vain chance. The bowl must be divided."

Then the younger hermit could reason no further and he said, "If it be, indeed, thy will, and if even so thou wouldst have it let us now break the bowl."

But the face of the older hermit grew exceeding dark, and he cried, "O thou cursed coward, thou wouldst not fight."—Yours etc.,

BYRAM KHAMBATA.

Women's Hockey

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Editor of a smart Calcutta Weekly is pleased to proclaim that the recent introduction of women's hockey in Baroda State is "neither important nor necessary". He admires the "enterprise I have shown in organising the Baroda State Ladies' Hockey Team" and concedes graciously that it is "no doubt a distinction to be a pioneer," but condemns hockey as "singularly unsuited for women" and remarks that personally he has never "felt thrilled or amused at the spectacle of a lot of hoydens scampering across a hockey field."

I can explain away such haphazard and unsportsmanlike statements only by attributing them to the writer's blissful ignorance of modern developments in sport and to his jaundiced view of the beauty and value of sport in general and hockey in particular. For hockey is, the ideal game to develop to the utmost a woman's natural agility, dexterity and graceful poise. In England every girls' School and College has its hockey team and there women's hockey has attained International status. In India we hold tournaments for women in all the important centres and we are making efforts to raise women's hockey to the same level of excellence that men's hockey has attained.

I crave your indulgence to permit me to appeal to people to be fair and sporting enough not to discourage sport but to do his bit to promote the cause of sport.—Yours, etc.,

ANGELO MOSES.

Resident's Agencies

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Honble Resident of Rajkot said on the 14th August at the Darbar: "And may take this opportunity of saying—though I am sure you yourself fully realise it—that for the achievement of these results you will find nothing more helpful and valuable than the constant maintenance of close and sympathetic contact with all classes of your people. No ruler in these days can live his life aloof and apart if he denies as he must desire to retain the affection and co-operation of his Subjects." Does this advice not apply to the Residents and Political Agents of the Agencies?

Do they ever mix with the people? They only meet title-holders and those who are seekers of titles and self-interest generally.

They never knew any public man.—Yours, etc,

BENIGHTED AGENCY.

University Text-Books

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is gratifying to note that the University authorities have decided, since sometime past, to have Persian, Sanskrit, Gujarati selections compiled for the Matriculation course, and to publish them under their authority. Thereby they have, to a great extent, reduced the drain on poor students who had otherwise to pay fancy prices for books published by private concerns whicn formerly used to be prescribed for them.

Upto this time the publication of Persian selections has been entrusted to Messrs. Sharaffudin and sons of Bombay who have sold it at As. 12 per copy. The selections generally cover about 80 pages which at the most liberal computation would cost annas two per copy. With the publisher's profit and the retailer's commission, the book should not be priced more than five annas per copy.

It is not known what procedure is adopted in appointing publishers for the Persian selections. May I suggest to the university authorities, in the interest of all concerned, particularly of the poor students and their parents, to invite tenders from various publishers who should be given full specifications of the publications, viz., the paper and type, the binding required, the extent of the bulk, etc., and asked to quote retail and wholesale prices at which they would sell? A security deposit may be demanded from them which may be forfeited if any of the conditions of the contract are not complied with.

By these means, the university authorities can secure the best quality of work at the same time ensure reasonable prices in place of present exorbitant, almost monopolised prices.

Will the Registrar and the members of the Senate, who know fully well the present acute economic distress in the country, act accordingly?—Yours, etc.,

SHAIKH M. H.

Bombay.

Beggar Problem

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—I am afraid many must have missed a very interesting broadcast talk from Madras Station of the All-India Radio, given by Mrs A. Kuriyan.

A few hints given therein are worth considering and good for adoption by the authorities like Police and the Municipality of this city, who are responsible for this problem.

Of course this requires co-operation of the public at large who should not merely know that they are doing their duty towards suffering humanity by throwing a coin here and a coin there but should realise that by doing so not only they are wasting their money but they give encouragement to a certain class of beggars who are apt to this profession and whose number is larger than a few deserving.

The scheme requires legislation to back it. It requires a good finance to maintain detention camps and workhouses for such beggars. Centres are to be opened in the principal wards of the city, each having their own committee of male and female citizens who should give their services voluntarily. To these centres, citizens of the representing wards will direct each and every beggars for classification. The diseased and disabled may be allowed to beg alms and able-bodied should be asked either to leave the city or work in Industrial Home with cottage industries such as mat-making, basket-making, etc., etc.,

A novel suggestion is made by the lady in her broadcast that the metal discs should be issued to the deserving beggars, bearing numbers under which their names are registered, in the respective centres. Such beggars can only go house to house for alms and after convincing himself or herself that the holder of the disc is a genuine beggar, one may gladly give alm. These beggars of course will not be allowed to ask alms in public places, on roads or any other places such as tram and bus stands, railway-stations, cinema-houses, etc., etc.

The public should give service with great spirit and money generously whereas the authorities like the Municipality and the Police should persuade the Government for a legislation to make out a successful scheme to solve the beggar problem.—Yours, etc.,

R. D. BUGWADIA.

Frankly Speaking

American Labour And Britain

How vigilant the American isolationists are is shown by the Paish incident. Thinking evidently that he could better the efforts of the British Ambassador, Sir George Paish embarked upon activities which have ended in an anti-climax. He provoked protests in the Senate so that Lord Lothian has advised him to leave America. This is a moral victory for the isolationists. But it has been promptly neutralised. In fact, the anti-isolationists appear to have scored a more important victory. For, according to a Denver message, Mr. William Green, the President of the famous American Federation of Labour—the greatest of Trade Union organisations in the U.S.A.—appeals for all possible help to Britain short of entering the war. Unless we are mistaken he was pleading for isolation only a few months ago. Now he actually believes that the Western Hemisphere is in danger and that "by aiding Britain we are strengthening our own national defence."

Revolts Against Vichy

The feeling of revolt against the Vichy Government appears to be spreading in French Colonies. In the West Indies the overwhelming sentiment is reported to be pro-British but is being suppressed by landowners, officials and soldiers. In French Morocco there is—in response to the revolt in French Equatorial Africa—unrest in the garrisons and many officers, it is reported in Madrid, frankly support General de Gaulle. These incipient revolts will materialise if the war between Britain and the Axis continues to progress on the present lines for some weeks more. There is another factor which is bound to contribute materially towards the development of such revolts: the Vichy Government is in so utterly an impossible position financially and economically that it can neither run, nor pay for, the administration of its Colonies; and Britain can bring them all the relief they need.

National Planning

Mr. Fazlul Huq, who visited and addressed the National Planning Committee on Monday, rightly stressed two essential features of sound planning in India, namely, the need for a human approach and the need for an All-India plan. The former is often grievously ignored by those who always think in terms of profit and cheap production without caring for the human cost it may involve or for the inequitable distribution of the wealth produced. The dependence of the solution of any provincial economic problem on a proper solution for the whole of India is by now self-evident to all economists and administraors who have had anything to do with the growing poverty problem in the country. What is true of the economic problem is also true of the political. Political separation is bound to make it harder for the exploited workers to combine and safeguard their rights.

Planning Medical Relief

With regard to ensuring adequate medical relief in the country the Planning Committee has recommended that "within the next ten years the objective aimed at should be one medical man or woman for every 3,000 of population and a bed for every 1,500 of population. This should include adequate provision for maternity cases." This is not an impossible ideal. But it is possible only if provion is made for more facilities for medical instruction and a supply of cheap drugs through their manufacture in India and otherwise. The public will wholeheartedly support the Committee's recommendation that adequate steps should be taken to make India self-sufficient as regards the production and supply of drugs, biological products, scientific and surgical apparatus, instruments and equipment and other medical supplies.

Need For Communal Good-will

The speeches at the various public meetings organized by the Congress are indicative of the rising temper of the people as a result of Government's flouting the Congress demands. Pandit Jawaharlal and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai in Bombay, Mr. Kher at Ville Parle, and Mr. Rajagopalachari at Madras, to refer to but a few of these meetings, are calling upon the people to be prepared for a struggle that may be forced upon them at any time. Referring to the possibility of the communal problem prejudicing the national struggle Pandit Jawaharlal said: "Once our struggle starts nothing can check it, or obstruct it. And it will not remain a political struggle only but will touch the economic and other issues also so that we will not be talking in terms of this community or that, but on behalf of the crores of people of India whether Hindus, Muslims, Parsis or Christians; I am glad we will soon get the opportunity to do so." Nevertheless every attempt must be made to ensure a fair measure of communal goodwill before a struggle is commenced.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

MADRID, Sept. 3.

The newspapers report from Tangiers that following the revolt in French Equatorial Africa there is unrest in the garrisons of French Morocco where many officers frankly support De Gaulle.—Reuter.

* * * *

According to Mr. C. Rajagopalachari the difference between the Congress and the Muslim League is a temporary phase.

That is what the Muslim Leaguers are badly frightened of.

* * * *

The Muslim League Working Committee "direct the various Provincial Leagues to exert every nerve to start, organise and strengthen the Muslim National Guards....."

But not, of course, in such a way as will lead to a nervous breakdown of the Committee.

* * * *

I.L.P. TO GIVE BRITAIN UNCONDITIONAL SUPPORT

—Headline.

In fairness to—er—both let us make it clear that the reference is not to the British I.L.P. of Mr. Maxton but to the Indian I.L.P. of Dr. Ambedkar.

* * * *

Official, semi-official and journalistic reviews galore of the first year of war have been communicated to us from Britain.

Which tempts us in imitation to take a review of the twelve months of war in India.

But we desist. There will be no end to it.

* * * *

The *Daily Herald* of London believes that it is "the unanimous conviction of the whole world of free men that the cause for which Britain and her Allies are fighting is beyond question just."

Since Indians are not free men, it doesn't matter whether their conviction is that Britain is also rather exploiting the justice of the cause for which she and her Allies are fighting.

* * * *

"As for Mr. Churchill, all England is proud to have such a leader in an emergency"—London correspondent of the "Times of India."

How times change from the not distant day before yesterday to to-day.

* * * *

According to the special Japanese Envoy to the Dutch East Indies, "the task imposed upon Japan" is to "assume leadership in a chain of mutual prosperity in East Asia."

Who the d.. imposed the task upon Japan?

* * * *

Transylvanian peasants are reported to be up in arms against the Vienna Award.

It would, suggests a confrere, be interesting to know what the *Pravda* and *Izvestia* think about it.

* * * *

So far as Rumania is concerned, the prospects for Herr Hitler are brightening up hourly. Army officers are restless, the High Command is disrupted and riots and disturbances continues.

So all will end well since it is progressing so well.

* * * *

Mrs. Newlywed was feeling and looking very gloomy.

"What's the trouble, dear?" her friend inquired.

"Oh—my husband has been out all the evening and I haven't the faintest idea where he is."

"Oh, you shouldn't worry about that. You'd probably be twice as miserable if you did know!"

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Some feminine complexions are complex.

What women sigh for is long life without old age.

If woman could have her way she would never quarrel.

It's easier for a shiftless man to make friends than to make good.

A girl doesn't enjoy an outing unless the right young man shows up somewhere in the scenery.

WIND UP CONGRESS SEVA DAL WORK

District Magistrate's Order: More Volunteers Arrested

LUCKNOW, Sept. 3.

A notice directing him to discontinue Congress Quami Seva Dal activities in the district has been served on Mr. Parameshwar Saran Varma, President of the District Congress Committee, Gonda, according to a report received here.

Mr. Varma has replied to the District Magistrate informing him that normal activities of the Seva Dal would be continued.—A. P.

ARRESTS IN ALLAHABAD AND CAWNPORE

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 3.

Five more arrests of Quami Seva Dal volunteers were made this evening at the Seva Dal Instructors Training Camp here under Sec. 58 of the Defence of India Rules (Unlawful drilling). This brings the total number of arrests to eight.

Seven more volunteers of Congress Quami Seva Dal were arrested this afternoon at Cawnpore under the same rule. This is the fourth batch of Congress volunteers to be arrested in Cawnpore for defying the ban imposed on drilling by non-official volunteer organisations.—A. P.

Fresh Congress Arrests In Cawnpore

CAWNPORE, Sept. 2.

Another batch of Congress volunteers was arrested this evening while parading in Kooli Bazar for defiance of the Government Order banning drilling by non-official volunteer organisations.

The number of volunteers arrested this evening is nine, thus bringing the total number of volunteers hitherto arrested in this connection upto 22.—A. P.

BIHAR STUDENTS WARNED AGAINST 'RED' ACTIVITIES

PATNA, September 2.

The Commissioner of Patna division, Mr. J. W. Houlton, it is understood, called an informal meeting of the different heads of the local institutions with certain students and their guardians with a view to warning the students who are believed to be taking part in Communist activities last evening. He asked the students to give up their activities which could only harm them and their career and also pointed out that if they persisted in their activities, Government would be compelled to take action against them.

The Commissioner is also understood to have asked the guardians of those students to keep a vigilant watch over their wards and to do their best to dissuade them from these activities.—A. P.

TWO ARRESTS AT KARACHI

Students Stage Demonstration In Protest

KARACHI, Sept. 3.

Hashu Kewalramani and Prito Tahilramani, President and Secretary respectively of the Karachi Students' Union, were arrested this morning under the Defence of India Rules on the charge of distributing alleged Communist posters."

Students of both the Engineering and the Arts colleges went on strike in protest against the arrests, took out a procession, and staged a demonstration in front of the City Magistrate's Court.—A. P.

Charges Framed In Cuttack Trial

CUTTACK, Sept. 3.

Charges under Rule 34 of the Defence of India Rules for possession of literature, which contained "prejudicial reports and punishable" under Rule 39 of the Defence of India Rules were framed against Mr. Sarat Chandra Patnaik and Mr. Bijaychandra Das, two other Labour leaders and student leaders whose trial was held in the Cuttack Jail this morning.

The accused pleaded not guilty. Five witnesses were examined.

Cross-examination commences on September 16.—United Press.

Gag Order On Bengal Congress Secretary

CALCUTTA, Sept. 3.

Mr. Kalipada Bagchi, Secretary of the suspended Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, has been served with an order under the Defence of India Rules by the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, asking him not to participate in any meeting, assembly or procession for a period of one year.

Mr. Bagchi was recently released from retention in jail in connection with the Holwell Monument agitation.—A. P.

Bombay Editor On Trial

Hafiz Ali Bahadur Denies Having Delivered Alleged Speech

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 3.

Mr. Hafiz Ali Bahadur Khan, M. L. A., and editor of the daily "Hilal" appeared before Mr. Anthony, City Magistrate, Allahabad, to answer a charge under Rule 38 of the Defence of India Act read with Section 34 in connection with a speech alleged to have been delivered by him on 11th May, 1940 at Mohamad Ali Park.

The prosecution, after examining witnesses, closed its case. The Magistrate then examined the accused who denied delivering the alleged speech in toto.

He said that he intended to deliver a speech and stood up to deliver it when rowdyism and stone throwing was started and in such atmosphere, he could not deliver any speech. September 14 has been fixed for cross-examination of the witnesses.

Ex-Mayor Jailed

RANGOON, (By Mail).

Boon Swan, a former President of the Pyapon Municipality, has been sentenced to undergo nine months' rigorous imprisonment under the Defence of Burma Rules.—A. P.

More Arrests Of Scavenger Strikers

CALCUTTA, Sept. 3.

Eight scavenger strikers were arrested to-day following disturbances in various parts of the City. The arrests, it is alleged, are a sequel to their asking loyalists not to resume duties.

Though the main roads and streets of the City are being kept clean with the help of new recruits under police escort, the condition of lanes and by-lanes is growing worse day by day.—United Press.

Strikers Reiterate Demands

CALCUTTA, Sept. 3.

Scavengers and other Labour staff of the Calcutta Corporation, who are on strike for the last nine days, took out several small processions to-day intending to join a strikers' rally on the Maidan. Most of the processions, however, were held up on their way by the police and dispersed. About a dozen strike leaders were arrested on a charge of leading unlawful processions.

A group of strikers, however, managed to reach the Maidan, where they held a meeting to reiterate their demand and to declare their determination to continue the strike until their grievances were redressed.—A. P.

Manzilgah Ban Extended

KARACHI, Sept. 2.

The prohibitory order under Section 144, Cr. P. C., asking the public to refrain from entering the Manzilgah at Sukkur, has been extended by the Government of Sind for a further period of two months.—United Press.

WILL INDIA BE PALESTINE ON LARGER SCALE?

CALCUTTA, Sept. 3.

"What is clear as crystal in the resolutions is that it is not so much the question of India's independence, with which the League is concerned, as the position, which its members will be permitted to enjoy in any constitution that the British Government may be pleased to frame hereafter, when they have the time and inclination to look after the India business," says the "Amrita Bazar Patrika."

"The situation is intriguing enough and the responsibility of the British authority thereto will certainly be watched with considerable interest. For ourselves, we shall scarcely be surprised if the history of Palestine (after the last Great War) repeats itself in India on a bigger scale," adds the paper.—A. P.

STATE PAPERS CAN'T BE WITHHELD

Ceylon Council's Decision Upsets Speaker's Previous Ruling

COLOMBO, (By Mail).

A decision of some importance in Ceylon's Legislative procedure was taken by the State Council yesterday when it adopted a motion of Mr. B. H. Aluwihare in the following terms:—

"This House is of opinion that the claim of privilege by a Minister, on the ground that the publication is prejudicial to public interest, is insufficient to prevent the operation of the rule that a Minister quoting from a State paper must, if so requested by a member, lay it before the House and that the ruling given by the Speaker on the 28th instant is incorrect."

The incident in question occurred during the budget debate when a Minister gave a gist of, or as some members put it, quoted from a Whitehall despatch, which he subsequently pleaded to be confidential and as such not to be placed on the Council table.

The Speaker had then ruled that if it was pleaded that the production of the State paper would be prejudicial to the public interest, then the Minister's plea should be accepted.

Mr. Aluwihare, thereupon, gave notice of regulating motion which was subsequently altered to the wording given above. The voting was 22 in favour of the motion and 11 against.—A. P.

"JUSTIFIED CONGRESS ATTITUDE"

"National Herald" On Muslim League Resolution

LUCKNOW, Sept. 3.

The "National Herald," commenting editorially on the Muslim League Working Committee's resolution, says that the League's decision completely justifies the attitude of doubt and suspicion which the Congress has maintained towards it in the past and enormously strengthens the Congress position itself both morally and politically, when having seen through the British game of make believe it is preparing for an unprecedented struggle in its history.—A. P.

Satyamurti For Ceylon

MADRAS, Sept. 3.

Mr. S. Satyamurthi, M.L.A. (Central), Mayor of Madras, is leaving for Ceylon to-morrow evening reaching Colombo on Sept. 6 and will stay there for a fortnight.—A. P.

Congressmen And Patiala Dinner

Maulana Azad Asks Sampuran Singh To Clarify Position Created By Press Report

CALCUTTA, Sept. 3.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, has issued the following statement to the Press:—

"When I was at Wardha, on the occasion of the last Working Committee meeting, I received a telegram from Sardar Sampuran Singh, Leader of the Congress Party in the Punjab Assembly, saying that he had been invited to a dinner to the Maharaja of Patiala, in which after-dinner speeches might also be delivered on the present political situation. He asked my advice whether he should participate in it or not? I replied that his participation would not be advisable. He, therefore, informed me on August 20, that he had declined to deliver any speech at the function.

"But while returning from Wardha, I was astonished to find the following Press report (in the "Bombay Chronicle"):

According to talks here (Simla) the Sikh dinner to Patiala last night was intended to serve three main objects: firstly, the importance of the Sikh community during war; secondly, unity of Sikh parties behind Patiala's leadership and demand for Patiala Maharaja's membership on the War Advisory Council, and, thirdly, inclusion of a Sikh in the enlarged Executive Council. Master Tarasingh, Akali Leader, Gyani Kartarsingh and Sampuran in the Punjab Assembly, participated Singh, Leader of the Congress Party and showed their support to the three demands. The Sikh leaders are prepared for a panel for election of an Executive Councillor from among them to be forwarded to the Viceroy. This includes Sir Jogendrasingh, Sant Singh, M.L.A. (Central), and Sampuran Singh. Two others, Sardar Bahadur Ujjalsingh (of Round Table Conference) and Sir Datar Singh of Indo-British trade negotiations are also trying their luck".

No sooner had I reached Calcutta, than I asked Sardar Sampuran Singh telegraphically about the truth or otherwise of the report, as I could not believe that he, being a responsible member of the Congress Party, could associate himself with any demand based on the declaration rejected by the Congress.

In reply to the above telegram, Sardar Sampuran Singh wired to me saying that the Press report was wrong and that he had no association with these demands. Now I am writing to him fully to clarify the situation by a detailed statement to the Press.

The abovementioned Press report also mentions Master Tarasingh in this connection. Master Sahib is a member of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, and a member of All-India Congress Committee as well. I have written to the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee to inquire into the matter and apprise me of the situation.—A. P.

SPECIAL INVITATIONS FOR WORKING COMMITTEE

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 3.

Special invitations have been issued by Acharya J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress, to Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, Dr. Khan Saheb, Mrs. Pandit, Acharya Narendra Deo, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya and Maulana Hussain Ahmad for the forthcoming Working Committee meeting.—United Press.

CALL HIM BACK FROM PRISON

House Of Representatives Urges Attendance Of Jailed Legislator

RANGOON, Sept. 2.

Despite opposition from the Premier the House of Representatives carried by 51 votes to 43 votes the motion calling upon the Government to arrange for the attendance during the session of U. Chit Pe, a member of the House, who is at present undergoing a sentence of nine months on a charge of causing injury by a rash act.

It was generally conceded that Chit Pe's offence did not amount to moral turpitude and that the length of the sentence did not disqualify him from the House.

The Premier pointed out that the privileges of the members of the House were limited to immunity from arrest under civil process during a session and that there was no provision for allowing a member undergoing a sentence to be released for the purpose of attending a session.

The House, however, carried the resolution by a majority.—A. P.

STATES PEOPLE CAN'T REMAIN UNAFFECTED

Rajendra Prasad On Repercussions Of British Indian Struggle For Freedom: Tribute To Jaipur Settlement

JAIPUR, Sept. 2.

"The States could not be kept separate from the rest of India and the movement for freedom which has been conducted by the Congress for fifty years or more could not but affect the States people too", declared Dr. Rajendra Prasad, member of the Congress Working Committee, addressing the local Bar Association.

Proceeding Dr. Rajendra Prasad said: "This system of practising lawyers was introduced by the British, who brought it with them into this country since they established themselves as rulers and ceased to be mere traders." But our grievance he added was that they had not given us two things which they valued most in their country and which they had acquired and maintained at great sacrifices. These were (1) their constitution, which is representative of and responsible to the preople and (2) personal freedom, which was enjoyed by every citizen to the fullest extent. It is sometimes said that Indians were strangers to a democratic form of Government, but this was historically untrue, as has been proved by scholars like Dr. K. P. Jayaswal, who had proved that republics flourished in India long before Christ.

ROLE OF LAWYERS.

The history of the British people, continued Dr. Rajendra Prasad was a history of struggle extending over hundreds of years between the King on the one side and sections and ultimately large masses of the people on the other. Step by step they gained constitutional rights and secured personal liberty and independence of judiciary, for the protection of their liberty. This struggle was not non-violent but it must be said to the credit of England that it achieved much by non-violent revolutions. In this struggle lawyers, from whom most of the judges were recruited, had always played an important part. Burke in one of his speeches emphasised that one of the reasons why the American Colonists could not be suppressed was that they had lawyers amongst them.

Continuing the speaker said that in the Indian struggle too lawyers had played a conspicuous part.

The States could not be kept separate from the rest of India. The movement for freedom which had been conducted by the Congress for fifty years or more, could not but affect the States people too. It was impossible to keep a wall on the frontiers of the States, which could keep out ideas and sentiments, which were swaying people in British India. It was, therefore, necessary that the States and the people of the States should read betimes the signs of the times and act wisely so that trouble might be avoided.

TIME FACTOR.

It was not necessary for India to go through hundreds of years of struggle which the British people have had to go through in their own country. It was equally unnecessary for the States people to go through the struggle of over fifty years as had been done in British India.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad referred to the point gained in the Jaipur State by recognition of the Raja Mandal, which was the first step in a progressive movement for the attainment of a system of Government responsible to the people.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj and Dr. Rajendra Prasad are proceeding to Sikar on Thursday.—A. P.

Mahatma Will Lead Again, Says C. R.

Britain Does Not Want To Part With Power; Provincial Govts. Adding Provocation

TIRUCHENDUR, Sept. 2.

At least in self-interest Britain must recognise the Justice of India's demand for freedom, observed Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, presiding over Tiruchendur Taluk Political Conference. He said the propaganda against Hitler, black as he was in this country, would not be sufficiently effective to create that amount of patriotism necessary to mobilise the nation's resources in the absence of a feeling among Indians that they were a free people and must sacrifice their all for freedom. 'India wanted to be free and this passion for freedom could be harnessed to war effort provided the British had sufficient statesmanship in them.

Referring to his sporting offer to allow Muslim League to nominate the Premier of the National Government if there was real transfer of power to the Indian people, the speaker said, even the nationalist Muslims who might legitimately feel that they had been let down had not objected. The British Government had not so far replied and he was sure that they would raise some objection or other because they did not desire to part with power.

Mr. Rajagopalachari said the Congress had waited for a year and there could be an end to the patience of several leaders. The action of Governments of some provinces was adding provocation. He said in conclusion that ever since the Poona resolution was passed there was a heavy load on his mind. If the Government had accepted the Congress offer, the Congress would have to take part in mobilising the resources of the nation for defeating Hitlerism and it would be very difficult to reconcile Mahatma Gandhi to such steps as they would be against his (Mahatma Gandhi's) cherished doctrine of non-violence. Now that the Government had rejected the Congress Offer, this load had been removed from his (the speaker's) mind and the position was as before and Mahatma Gandhi would again lead.

The only resolution passed by the Conference stated that in the present position created by the rejection by the Government of the unexampled offer of the Congress, the Conference consisting as it did of Hindus, Muslims and Christians of the Taluk, expressed its readiness and assurance to carry out with discipline and courage any mandate that might be issued by the Congress.—A. P.

BE PREPARED

(From Our Correspondent.)

TUTICORIN, Sept. 2.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar addressing a mass meeting at Tuticorin last night said:

"The struggle for freedom was imminent and as Britain has rejected all friendly offers from us, I would exhort people to sink their difference and be prepared for sacrifice and, united, obey and follow their leaders.

Dr. Rajan's Warning To Communists

(From Our Correspondent)

TANJORE, Sept. 3.

Dr. T. S. Rajan uttered a note of warning to communalists here as well as elsewhere and told them it was upto them to think about the whole of the country or to repent later.

No Freedom Without Making Sacrifices

"Bombay will not be a mere venue of the next session of the A.I.C.C., for it may prove to be a momentous one in our history. Our city may be called upon to give a lead to the rest of India as on two previous occasions. It is the duty of every citizen to keep himself in readiness so that he may not be found wanting when the call comes."

This was the appeal made by the Hon. Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, addressing a public meeting convened at the Congress House this evening to condemn the offer contained in the Viceroy's statement

NO FREEDOM WITHOUT SACRIFICE

Mr. Nagindas T. Master who presided said that the public meeting held at Chowpatty on Sunday last had demonstrated that the people of Bombay were with the Congress and that they were prepared for sacrifices in the cause of the country.

After referring to the events leading up to the passing of the latest resolution by the Congress Working Committee, Mr. Nagindas Master said that the numerous statements made by the British statesmen during the past one year had convinced the people of India that Britain was unwilling to part with power. The British Government was in no mood to concede any of the just demands put forward by the Congress on behalf of the country. It was, therefore, the duty of every Indian to keep himself in readiness for sacrifices without which no country could secure freedom.

DUTY TO COUNTRY

The Hon. Mr. Pakwasa said that the lengthy statements issued repeatedly during the last year on behalf of the British Government had meant nothing to us in India. It was time that every citizen realised that he had a duty by the country and that mere arm-chair talk was of no avail.

Mr. S. K. Patil referred to the thousands of Satyagrahis in Bombay who had responded to the call of the Congress in the past and said that though only about 300 citizens had taken the Satyagraha pledge this time, it was certain that thousands would be ready for sacrifices for the country's cause. The number of those who took the pledge, said Mr. Patil, was bound to be limited because of the many restrictions which the pledge involved. It was not necessary that the non-violent soldiers of the Congress should be drawn only from among those who had taken this pledge. Every citizen could come forward and join the nation's fight for freedom

Mr. Ratilal Gandhi referred to the glorious part which Bombay had played in the nation's struggle and hoped that the citizens would not be found wanting on the third occasion.

Prof. Gharpure appealed to the citizens to bestir themselves and not be satisfied with mere attendance at meetings.

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BRITAIN REVIEWS A YEAR OF WAR

"Strong, United And Confident"

British Armed Forces Have Humbled Nazi Terror

LONDON, Sept. 3.

Twelve months of the war find the British Empire, despite a number of strategic setbacks, strong, united and certain of eventual victory.

This is the theme of London newspaper editorials this morning, the first anniversary of the declaration of war.

Summing up the year the "Times" says: We can see where the defence is adequately equipped, the destructive possibilities of aerial Bombardment have been exaggerated. In general, loss of life in this war is much less than anyone would have dared to forecast a year ago. The manpower of the nation is, therefore, not seriously depleted by the casualties of the first year. Our material resources are substantially intact.

INDIA SPEAKS WITH ONE VOICE.

"The Times" adds: "India, rent with internal dissension and with some of her parties bitterly opposed to the policy of the Government of India, speaks with one voice when she declares her unalterable resolve to fight to the last against the falsehoods of the Nazi creed."

RESOLUTE AND STRONG.

The "News Chronicle" writes:

The start of the second year finds us united, certain of eventual victory and already proving by spectacular deeds of courage and resource, our power and determination to destroy all the assaults of our enemies. Hitler's early successes were easy because they were achieved against ill-prepared or half-hearted resistance. Now that for the first time his forces find themselves matched against a foe who is both resolute and strong, his rebuff is plain for all the world to see.

ISLAND FORTRESS' DEFENCE.

The "Daily Herald" writes:

For 12 months the murky tide of cruelty, corruption and oppression has rolled on but, unsubmerged by its onrush, there stand to-day two rocks more strongly embedded than before. One is the unanimous conviction of the whole world of free men that the cause for which Britain and her Allies are fighting is beyond question just.

The second rock is this island fortress itself. It stands like an outpost in the very jaws of the world's enemy and knows itself to be far more securely defended than in the anxious moments of three months ago.

GERMAN AIR FORCE HUMBLED.

The first year of the War has made it dramatically clear that the greatest potential weapon, terror against European civilisation and the world, ever known has been tried out for the first time against a powerful adversary and humbled, writes Reuter's air correspondent, who adds: Sooner rather than later in the second year of hostilities, now a few hours off, it was recognised, Germany would strain every nerve to make Britain feel the full power of the Luftwaffe.

Confidence, however, does not waver at the prospect of heavier night raids over the darkened face of Britain and repeated hammering at the anti-aircraft guns and balloons sheltering its capital by day and night.

Experts to-day discount excessive optimism but they are far from pessimistic. They point to the proud record of the R. A. F. during the first 12 months of the war, to the rapid growth of Britain's Air Fleet and to almost unlimited supply of eager and well-trained men to fly it, both here and in the Dominions.

DAYS OF NELSON NOT YET PAST.

No great sea battle has occurred during the first year of the war for the simple reason that neither the German nor the Italian Fleets have dared to come out in the open and risk a big engagement.

This statement is quoted by authoritative sources in London in reviewing the work of the Royal Navy during the past twelve months.

The review states that there have been minor fights which, however, have reflected the high standard of efficiency found in the Navy and proved beyond question the spirit and tradition that the British Navy lives to-day as in the days of Nelson. The gallantry in the two engagements at Narvik, the epic of the River Plate and the engagement off Sicily was evidence that the spirit and ability of our personnel surpasses anything we had expected.

NAVAL LOSSES REPLACED.

After a year of intense activity and strain, the Navy has successfully countered every enemy attempt to reduce its power, the German Fleet has been greatly weakened and Britain's offensive power by sea is infinitely stronger than it was a year ago, despite the losses, says Reuter's naval correspondent.

IN SPHERE OF DIPLOMACY.

Reuter's diplomatic correspondent writes: Although Britain had her diplomatic setbacks since last September, the graph of her diplomatic activities is now on the upward curve. Britain's air victories have afforded our diplomacy a bright background for its work.

Anglo-American affairs have never run more smoothly than at present and we are assured, whether Mr. Roosevelt or Mr. Willkie becomes President, they will continue, in Mr. Churchill's phrase, "to be somewhat mixed up together" to our mutual benefit.

No informed person expects any Utopian developments with Russia but there is every confidence that the long-term interests of both the nations would be found to be complementary.

The pact with Turkey has withstood every wile of the Axis propaganda while the ancient alliance with Portugal stands firm as a rock.

"PROTECTION" SPURNED

The Moslem states and communities in the Near and Middle East have rejected the proferred "protection" of Sgr. Mussolini. Axis propaganda has signally failed among our colonial peoples and is now falling in the French colonies also.

The fate of Rumania will not weaken British diplomacy; on the contrary, it will strengthen it by giving small nations yet another warning against trusting in Axis "friendship."

BLOCKADE WILL TELL.

The British blockade will slowly but relentlessly undermine Germany's strength. This conviction was confidently expressed to Reuter by Dr. Dalton, Minister of Economic Warfare, reviewing the effects of the first year.

Nothing could be further from truth than to imagine that Germany's territorial gains had relieved the pressure of the blockade.

"The blockade alone will not win the war, but slowly and relentlessly it will undermine the foundations of the German armed might."

LOYALTY OF THE COLONIES.

Far from waning, the British Colonies' earlier assurances of solidarity with the mother country are being increasingly implemented in practical ways, according to a message given by Lord Lloyd to Reuter. Lord Lloyd declares that the Colonial Empire of sixty million people of all races and creeds is as solidly behind Britain as on the opening days of the war when loyal messages poured in, speaking eloquently of the unswerving devotion to the allied cause.—Reuter.

Axis Vigil On Soviet Border

German And Italian Divisions To Guarantee Rumania's Integrity

LONDON, September 3.

According to reports circulating in Bucharest today German motorised divisions will take over the defence of the Soviet-Rumanian frontier and Southern Bukovina on September 15.

This would be two days after the completion of Hungary's occupation of the portion of northern Translyvania ceded by Rumania.

According to Rumanian Government sources and semi-official German sources this Nazi frontier will be supplemented by Italian troops as a symbol of Italy's guarantee to Rumania.

GERMAN PROTEST TO RUMANIAN GOVT.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.

The German Minister in Bucharest has made strong representations to the Rumanian Government regarding the Anti-German demonstrations at Brasov which is the centre of the German-Saxon minority in Rumania, says the "New York Times" correspondent in Bucharest.

Reports that German troops have been sent to Rumania are denied in German circles in Bucharest.

A message from Cluj says that demonstrations there have ended and peasants and workers have returned to their homes.—Reuter.

GIGURTU'S FAITH IN AXIS

BUCHAREST, Sept. 3.

An appeal to the people of Rumania to remain "calm, discreet and dignified" was made by the Prime Minister M. Gigurtu who said "the Axis Powers guarantee the liberties of the people of Rumania which for reasons beyond our control must pass under foreign domination. We must not, however great our sufferings, risk the existence of the entire Rumanian state for a gesture, which although intended to be noble, would only provoke the downfall of our country. Thanks to the guarantees given to our frontiers we can begin the new task of building up Rumanian".

M. Gigurtu appealed for confidence in the Government.

REFUSAL TO EVACUATE

There has been no resumption of week-end demonstrations in Bucharest itself but the latest reports from Transylvania show that active opposition to the Vienna award is growing rapidly and dangerously.

Army officers are restless and are talking bitterly of the Germans and Italians.

Troops of Transylvanian origin are reported to be refusing to evacuate the positions they occupy.

ARMED WITH AXES.

Thousands of peasant volunteers are offering help to man the Rumanian fortifications on the Hungarian frontier and those who failed to obtain guns and ammunition are said to have armed themselves with axes and sickles.

M. Maniu, the Opposition leader, who has arrived at Cluj, is reported to have declared that he and those of his political collaborators who had come from the ceded territory intend to establish at Cluj and other towns, political and cultural centres to organise resistance of the 1,300,000 blood Rumanians who are again about to come under Hungarian domination.

DISLOCATION OF HIGH COMMAND

General dislocation of the High Command already depleted of some of the best men as a result of the cession of Bessarabia to Russia, has followed the new Transylvania Agreement.

General Dragalin, who was the military expert at the abortive Turnuseverin negotiations, has been deprived of his command and three other generals have resigned.

One general presented resignation to the General Staff with the words, "I shall place myself at the disposal of General de Gaulle".—Reuter.

War-Time Atmosphere In Cluj

CLUJ (Transylvania), Sept. 3.

Despite the Rumanian Government ban on expressions of grief at the cession of two thirds of Transylvania to Hungary, there have been many fresh demonstrations of protest here. There have also been Hungarian counter demonstrations which were dispersed after a hundred Hungarians were arrested. There is a wartime atmosphere in the city where no taxis or buses are running and all shops are shut.

A message received from Satuemare says that a group of armed Hungarians forced their way into the town and attacked the banks. Nine Rumanian Gendarmes were killed. It is considered unlikely that the occupation by the Hungarians beginning on Thursday will be effected without serious disorder.

It is stated that some Rumanian troops in Transylvania have already refused to retire

Why China Shall Never Die!

"For want of sufficient drugs, medicines and even bandages, very often the only treatment we could give the wounded Chinese soldiers, was to wash their wounds with hot water. Even under such harrowing conditions, I did not see a single instance of grumbling or complaints from them", observed Dr. Atal, Leader of the Indian Medical Mission to China, addressing a meeting under the auspices of the Congress Socialist Party on Tuesday. Mr. Purshotam Tricumdas presided.

ILL-FATED CHANG-SA.

Dr. Atal prefaced the narration of his experiences in China, with a description of the village of Chang-Sa which was bombed out of existence half-an-hour before he reached there. The village had no military importance whatsoever, but the Japanese bombers sent it into flames all the same. Most of the victims were aged women and children, as they could not run to cover when they heard the bombers approach.

EVERY BUILDING A HOSPITAL.

The Medical Mission stayed in Hankow for three months. The streets of Hankow were littered with the dead and dying, and their last groans vent the air. Every public and private building, schools or college was converted to a hospital.

Continuing, Dr. Atal said that a little before the fall of Hankow, they went up north across the river Yangtse and stayed at Chunking for three weeks. Since their services were urgently demanded in North West China, they travelled for a month and reached their new headquarters.

LIVED IN CAVES.

Here, said Dr. Atal, the configuration of the country was mostly hills and mountains, and they had to live in caves as all surface buildings were deserted. In this area guerilla warfare was at its best. Since the Japanese bombers did not know which hills were occupied and they could not carry on their bombing operations with any degree of accuracy.

What struck him most in North-West China was that in the entire army everyone lived alike, whether it was a General or an ordinary soldier. Neither in dress, nor in food nor in any other way was there the slightest difference. If anything, the officers worked harder than the rank and the file.

WAR-TIME EDUCATION.

The administrators in North-West China put great emphasis on education. There were schools of art, medicine and engineering and universities. Young men and women came here from far-off Canton and Shanghai and after being trained in their "culture-schools," went into the countryside and educated the peasantry about the history and culture of China, as well as about the aims of Japan in the present war.

Describing the guerilla warfare in North-West China, Dr. Atal said that the Commander of these armies told him that it was realised that no war could be won by guerilla warware alone. But it was simply to gain time so that, side by side, they could manufacture arms and reconstruct their economic position. He was told that at the beginning of the Sino-Japanese war they had only two big guns to keep the Japanese at bay. They did not depend upon huge plants and factories for the manufacture of their war-materials, as they could be demolished by enemy bombs. They hoped to produce all their requirements through cottage industries, run on a co-operative basis.

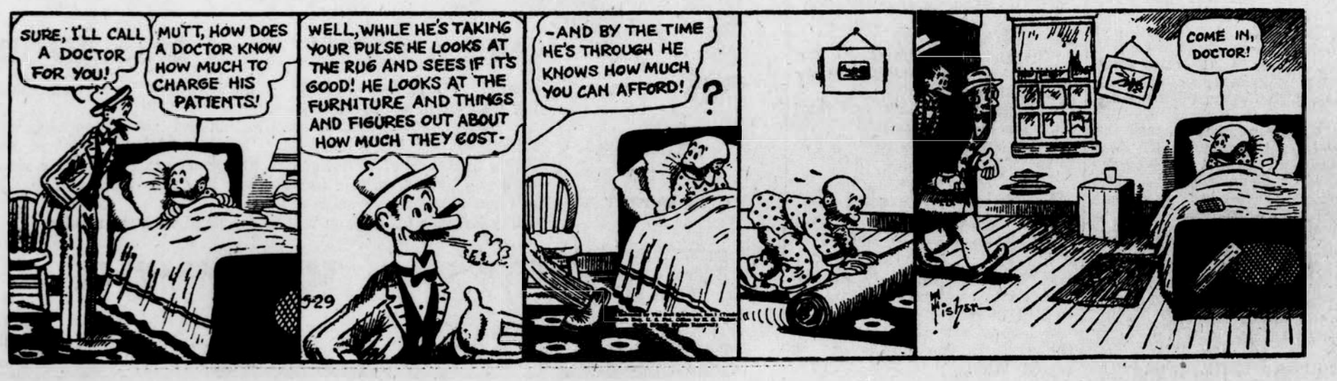
Referring to the part played by women in the war, Dr. Atal said that they accompanied the armies, acting as nurses and doing all the cooking. Many a woman in China was bearing arms as well, and fighting the Japanese side by side with her husband or brother. These women soldiers dressed and behaved like men and feminine frivolities were scrupulously avoided.

CHINA THE INVINCIBLE.

"One has no idea of the intelligence or the industry of the Chinese", said Dr. Atal. "Discipline was lacking, but now they are learning. With their intelligence, industry, and newly-cultivated sense of discipline, who can conquer the great land of China"? he concluded.

Answering a question at the end, the speaker said, that Japan wanted to drive out foreign exploiters from China so that she might herself be exploiter number one.

MUTT AND JEFF—Darned If the Doc Is Going to Give Jeff the Acid Test — By BUD FISHER


SURE, I'LL CALL A DOCTOR FOR YOU!
MUTT, HOW DOES A DOCTOR KNOW HOW MUCH TO CHARGE HIS PATIENTS!
WELL, WHILE HE'S TAKING YOUR PULSE HE LOOKS AT THE RUG AND SEES IF IT'S GOOD! HE LOOKS AT THE FURNITURE AND THINGS AND FIGURES OUT ABOUT HOW MUCH THEY COST-
-AND BY THE TIME HE'S THROUGH HE KNOWS HOW MUCH YOU CAN AFFORD!
?
COME IN, DOCTOR!

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"What do you think?"
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MACLEANS PEROXIDE TOOTH PASTE

Conference Of Industrialists In Bombay

BOMBAY, Sept. 3.

A Conference of Industrialists will be held in Bombay on the 8th September under the auspices of the Employers' Federation of India and the All-India Organisation of Industrial Employers.

Invitations for the conference have been sent by Sir Homi Mody on behalf of the two bodies to a number of organisations and individuals throughout the country, and a representative gathering may be expected.

Apart from the importance of the subjects to be discussed, the Conference will bring together on one platform the representatives of the principal industries in India, enable them to exchange views on problems of common interest and give them an opportunity of appreciating more fully the industrial situation in the various provinces.—A. P.

Sindhi Banker Death Mystery

BANGALORE, Sept. 2.

Lunidharam Sevaram, a rich Sindhi Banker, was found dead yesterday morning in his house consequent, it is suspected, on being stabbed with a spear on the head. It appears the Banker with his two sons and servant went to bed in his room.

The next morning his sons found him dead and the servant missing. Police investigation is proceeding.—A. P.

Dextrose Vital To Aviators

Dextrose is in use by pilots of planes in peace and war time service. The role of Dextrose in increasing the efficiency of tissues and special nerves is in its ability to provide local energy in every tissue of the body despite the lowered tension of oxygen in the surrounding atmosphere.

It was demonstrated by experimental evidence that the brain and nerve tissues become injured within ten minutes without oxygen but continue activity for some time with Dextrose administration.

The eye disturbance with aviators is also due to less available Dextrose in the eye nerves. The remedy is simply Dextrose

War Effort Turns INDIA INTO Vast Workshop

Schemes For Expansion Of Naval And Air Forces

CONTRIBUTIONS TOTAL Rs. 22 CRORES FOR WAR PURPOSES FUND AND DEFENCE LOANS

SIMLA, Sept. 3.

A year of intense war effort is turning India rapidly into a workshop producing quantities of goods for her own Defence forces as well as for those of other Empire countries and Egypt.

The Indian Defence forces themselves have undergone great enlargement, and some arms, according to experts, have changed out of recognition.

PRODUCTION OF WAR ESSENTIALS.

Taking first the production of war essentials, it has been pointed out that a vast amount of groundwork was accomplished in the first nine months of the war in surveying India's resources and preparing plans for the combined industrial and military effort which more direct participation might entail. As a result of previous planning, India's ordnance and supplementary supply was brought in the first eight months to a 'quantum' of production materially in excess of the peak reached after three years of war in 1914|18. Apart from the main items of arms and ammunition, what are known as ordnance stores comprises something like 40,000 items of which approximately 20,000 are now being produced in India. Ordnance factories are working 22 hours daily and more than 4,000 additional skilled and semi-skilled technicians are being compulsorily recruited to meet the proposed expansion.

EXPANSION OF FACTORIES.

In addition to this, scheme costing Rs. seven crores for the expansion of factories is being undertaken. Included in this scheme, is extension of small arms factories so as to double India's output of small arms ammunition at a cost of Rs. one and a half crores, and additional plant costing Rs. 90 lakhs for the manufacture of high explosives.

TATAS' ENTERPRISE.

Leading Indian industrial concerns are actively assisting in this armament drive. Some of them have struck out along new lines of advance. For instance, when war started, India had no factory to produce armoured plating used in building tanks, but now Tatas are producing these plates as good as any produced abroad. Schemes are being actively examined for the production or aircraft, while preliminary work has started at Vizagapatam for the establishment of a ship-building yard.

To supplement India's own production, a buying mission is at present in America trying to get as much of war essentials as possible.

Commercially, India is trying to find alternative outlets for Indian goods valued at about Rs. 30 crores annually which have been shut out from the continental markets since the outbreak of the war.

IN AMERICA AND AUSTRALIA.

Sir David Meek and Dr. T. E. Gregory are now in America and in association with Mr. H. S. Malik, Indian Trade Commissioner in New York, are conducting preliminary inquiries as to the prospects of expanding the market for Indian goods in North and South America. A trade Commissioner has been appointed in Australia as part of India's trade drive.

"During the year India received war supply orders for goods valued at over Rs. 46 crores from Empire countries, non-Empire countries like Iraq and Egypt and also for the use of the Indian defence forces.

WAR CONTRIBUTIONS.

The general public have so far contributed nearly Rs. 22 crores by way of subscriptions to the Indian Defence Loans, while spontaneous subscriptions to the Viceroy's War Purposes Fund total nearly Rs. one crore thirty-two lakhs.

The five major ports of Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Karachi and Cochin have been provided with coastal defence lights.—A. P.

INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPH'S 'PLANE

SIMLA, Sept. 3.

Acknowledging a number of contributions from employees of the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department, Sir Gurunath Bewoor, the Director-General, in a special general circular issued to the Department on August 30, says: It has been suggested that voluntary contributions from the department should be set apart to purchase a warplane for the Royal Air Force.

If this suggestion meets with approval, says Sir G. V. Bewoor, he would be glad to receive from individual employees from special committees formed in different offices, from branches of staff unions or from departmental clubs monthly subscriptions which would be earmarked for the purchase of a fighter plane to be called: "The Indian Posts and Telegraphs Plane."

The cost of a fighter plane is Rs. 1,40,000 and, says the Director-General, it should be possible for the Department to raise this sum of money within a short time and thus to take a direct share in aiding the successful prosecution of the war.—A.P.

Indian Sand Bags For Britain

CALCUTTA, Sept. 3.

An order for 58,317,000 sand bags has, it is learnt been received by the Indian Jute Mills Association from the British Government through the Government of India. The delivery is to be made between October 15 and December 15. —A. P.

INDIAN LABOUR PROBLEMS

Joshi Pleads For Standardised And Adequate Wages

Speaking on the "Indian Working Class" at a meeting of the Congress Socialist Party in Bombay held at Mantri House, on Monday evening, Mr. N. M Joshi, referred to the growth of the labour movement in India and how factory legislation was passed and amended from time to time. Mr. Yusuf Meherally, presided.

Mr. Joshi said that India was a predominently agricultural country, 80 per cent. of her population living or maintaining themselves on agriculture. Of the remaining 20 per cent. about 11 per cent. lived on industry. With the growth of the organised industries, villagers had begun to migrate to centres of those industries. At present there was a surplus labour in those centres, and this problem had to be tackled as otherwise the surplus labour would remain unemployed. He expressed the view that labour exchanges should be opened for the distribution of surplus in various industries.

Other labour problems were unemployment insurance, sickness insurance, old age pension and housing. The first thing needed was proper representation for labour in the legislative bodies. Work in industries depended a good deal upon the health of labour and therefore the problem of housing the workers should also receive due attention Wages should be standardised and adequate.

Referring to the Acts passed by the Congress Government in Bombay, Mr. Joshi said that a machinery had been set up for conciliation in cases where there were differences between capital and labour. But this would not have the desired effect of avoiding the extreme steps which labour would be forced to take as had been experienced in the city.

INDORE AND GWALIOR

The Publicity Officer of the Gwalior State writes:—

A news-item has appeared in certain responsible Bombay newspapers alleging that due to strained financial circumstances the Indore State is negotiating a loan from the Gwalior State and that an official from Indore has been deputed for the purpose.

I am authorized to state that the news referred to above is entirely baseless. No financial negotiations of any kind are being conducted between the two States nor has any Indore State official approached the Gwalior Durbar in this connection.

B. B. & C. I. Railway Suburban Timings

The General Traffic Manager, B. B. & C. I. Railway writes:—

In view of the complaints published in your columns regarding the revised time table introduced from July 1st last, it is proposed to revert to the timings in force previous to that date with effect from October 1st.

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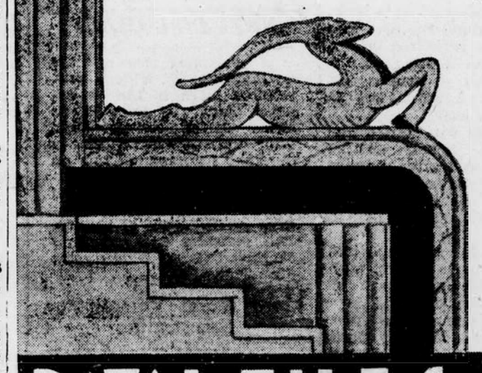

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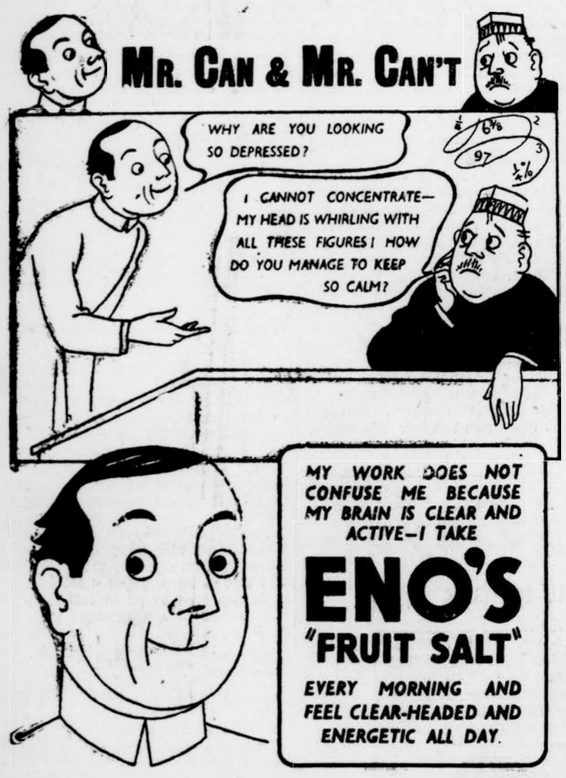
MR. CAN & MR. CAN'T
WHY ARE YOU LOOKING SO DEPRESSED?
I CANNOT CONCENTRATE— MY HEAD IS WHIRLING WITH ALL THESE FIGURES! HOW DO YOU MANAGE TO KEEP SO CALM?
MY WORK DOES NOT CONFUSE ME BECAUSE MY BRAIN IS CLEAR AND ACTIVE—I TAKE
ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"
EVERY MORNING AND FEEL CLEAR-HEADED AND ENERGETIC ALL DAY.
A sparkling glass of Eno's 'Fruit Salt' on waking ensures a clear, vigorous brain by correcting such minor disorders as headaches, biliousness, indigestion, heartburn and constipation due to indiscretions of diet and living. Your mind becomes vigorous because your body is healthy.
To preserve its freshness after opening, Eno's is sold in bottles with airtight stoppers, never in tins—Eno's costs as little as six annas for the small size.

University Senate Elections

Support Prof. K. T. Shah

The term of five years for which Mr. K. T. Shah was elected to the Senate from the Registered Medical Graduates' Constituency expires this month. Mr. Shah is seeking re-election and we write this to ask for the general support of the body of registered graduates for his candidature. It is not necessary for us to expatiate on the ability and the qualifications of Mr. Shah. His standing in academic and public life is very considerable and his experience and attainments varied. Of his public activities we may refer to only the two latest—his being Chairman of the Bihar Educational Committee and Honorary General Secretary to the National Planning Committee—to enforce our plea. During all the years of his membership of the Senate of the University of Bombay Mr. Shah has taken a most active part in the conduct of University affairs; and his contribution as an acute, informed and non-partisan critic has been of the greatest value. It would, in our opinion, be a grave loss if the University were to lose the services of Mr. Shah. We, therefore, earnestly and confidently commend Mr. Shah's candidature and hope that it will receive wide support throughout the constituency.

Chunilal V. Mehta.	Krishnalal M. Jhaveri.	J. R. Gharpure.
P. C. Bharucha.	S. A. Brelvi.	N. M. Shah.
J. A. Collaco.	R. D. Karmarkar.	G. S. Mahajani.
M. D. D. Gilder.	Jayashri N. Raiji.	V. K. Joag.
D. D. Karve.	D. R. Gadgil.	Jivraj N. Mehta.

Rovers' Cup Tournament

Mohun Bagan And Y. M. C. A. In Gruelling Fight

SECOND MEETING FAILS TO DECIDE ISSUE

There were thrills in plenty, when the Mohun Bagan met the Bombay Y.M.C.A. for the second time, in the quarter-final round of the Rovers' Cup Tournament on Tuesday. Both sides fought gamely for full 67 minutes, to get the decider. But the issue still remained undecided. They will meet again to-day (Wednesday) evening at 5-40 at the Co-operage.

The Y. M. C. A. yesterday convinced everybody that it was not due to any extraordinary piece of luck, that they held their own against the Bengal stalwarts on Saturday last.

Mohun Bagan gave an improved display, the forwards delighting the packed stands, with their ball control and understanding. Guin, the right-out, was speedy and accurate in his centres.

Main balance of power lay with the Y. M. C. A. defence. Lynn and Thomson brothers remain a problem for the visitors.

THE GAME

From the kick-off, the Mohun Bagan carried the ball into the opponents' back area. Thomson cleared strongly. Pramanik, the Calcutta pivot, put Guin in possession, he ran down the line and centred superbly. Before Mitter could reach the ball, Lynn gathered efficiently. A long spell of midfield play ensued, both sides striving to better the rival defence.

A smart forward pass by Narsu created a good opening for Butchi, he dashed with the ball, tricking two defenders, shot grandly, but as ill-luck would have it, the ball struck the upright and rebounded into play. In the next minute, Chaudhuri travelled fast along the left and passed on to Premlal, but Alexander dispossessed him. The Y. M. C. A. had the narrowest escape towards the end of the first half, when Mitter shot into the goal where Lynn was absent. D Alexander was there and he cleared.

DECIDER STILL EVADES

Resuming, Alexander sprinted with the ball along the left wing. Chaudhuri stopped him, conceding a corner. In the 15th minute Alexander was again responsible for a good centre, which T. Dutt tried to gather, but dropped,—a dangerous moment for the Mohun Bagan goal. Butchi jumped in for the ball and banged into the wrong side of the upright,—a lucky escape for the visitors.

A well-judged pass from Beni-Prasad to Chaudhuri who was unmarked, gave him the opportunity to make a spectacular run towards the Y. M. C. A. goal, but Lynn fisted out. On the rebound Bhattacharjee again tested Lynn, but the latter was not to be beaten.

EXTRA TIME PLAYED

Match remaining undecided at full time, the referee waved the teams to change sides. Two corners followed in quick succession against the Y. M. C. A. but nothing come out of them. Jayaram robbing Mitter of the ball, passed it to Alexander who moved fast and gave it to Chitti. That was a promising movement and after some clever dribbling by Narsu, Balan was in possession. His shot went over the cross-bar.

Play had to be stopped three minutes before time owing to bad light. The match ended in a goalless draw.

The Teams were:—

MOHUN BAGAN:—T. Dutt; T. Chaudhuri and S. Dutt; Mukerjee, Pramanik and Beni Prasad; Guin, Mitter, Premlal, Bhattacharjee and Chaudhuri.

BOMBAY Y. M. C. A.:—Lynn; D. Alexander and S. Thomson; Humphries, V. Thomson and Jayaram; Chitty, Narsu, Balan, Butchi and Alexander.

TO-DAY'S MATCH

COOPERAGE 5-40 P.M.:—Mohun Bagan vs. Y. M. C. A.

Lahore Hockey League

LAHORE, Sept 3.

In the "A" Division of the Lahore Hockey League this evening the Varsity Old Boys defeated the Station Staff by one goal to nil and the Lancers lost to the Moghalpura "B" by two goals to nil. So far the Varsity and the Station Staff have dropped six points.—A. P.

High Court

GUARDIANSHIP APPEAL SUCCEEDS

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macklin).

This appeal arose from an order of the Assistant Judge of Ahmedabad appointing Bai Pushpavati, Managing Superintendent of Vikas Griha at Ahmedabad, as the guardian of a minor Bai Kanchani.

The trial Court held, mainly on affidavits, that though the minor girl was brought to Ahmedabad just a few days before the application for appointment of a guardian was made, it had jurisdiction to entertain the application. It further refused to go into the question of the alleged marriage of the minor on the ground that Opponent No. 2 should get that fact established by a regular suit. From this order Opponent No. 2 appealed to the High Court.

His Lordship accepted the Appellant's Contention on the first point of jurisdiction and allowed the appeal with costs throughout.

Mr H. C. Coyajee with Mr. B. G. Thakore appeared for the Appellant.

Mr. D. B. Desai instructed by Messrs. Madhavji and Co., appeared for the Respondents.

POONA RACES

To-day's Selections

(BY ORR)

A fairly well filled card of nine events is provided for the Second Day of the Big Meeting at Poona. The treble pool of Rs. 4,190, carried forward from last meeting should be an additional attraction for the holiday meeting.

I expect Dinah's Son, Monte Carlo and Mark You to fight out the issue in the September Plate over a distance of ten furlongs. Inflation the aged Rajpipla gelding strikes me as the best for an off shot.

The following are the selections for the day:—

The Burwell Plate. Div. III.
1. SHIVAKUMARI
2. IMPETUS
3. MERRY PASS

The Indian Nursery Plate. Div. II.
1. CAPTAIN BLOOD
2. ROSE OF DEWAS
3. WHAT'S YOURS

The Indian Nursery Plate. Div. I.
1. FAIRY QUEEN
2. PAILA NUMBER
3. ASHAVARI

The Visitors Plate.
1. GIPSY GIRL
2. JEWEL
3. RED GOLD

The Moderate Plate. Div. I.
1. KING HILAL
2. SPITFIRE
3. CAN YOU

The September Plate.
1. DINAH'S SON
2. MONTE CARLO
3. MARK YOU

The Burwell Plate. Div. II.
1. LORDS
2. NOT OUT
3. LENS

The Moderate Plate. Div. II.
1. DAHMAN SURI
2. BANI TAMIM
3. YOUNG TIGER

The Burwell Plate. Div. I.
1. WHYNA
2. TRAGENNA
3. GORDON

DAILY DOUBLE
FAIRY QUEEN
DINAH'S SON

DAILY TREBLE
KING HILAL
LORDS
DAHMAN SURI

Blind Relief Camp For Calcutta

CALCUTTA. Sept 3.

In order to afford relief to the large number of patients suffering from cataract and other eye diseases, many of whom find it difficult to get medical aid owing to congestion in the hospitals, arrangements have been made by the Mayor of Calcutta, Mr. Abdur Rahaman Siddiqi, M.L.A., to start a blind relief camp, the first of its kind in Bengal, in the city early in November.—A. P

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1940

WAR & INDUSTRY

Ten thousand more technicians are required for the War Industries

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Number Of Successful Raids In Eritrea Harbour

Hundreds Of Italian Transport Vehicles Destroyed; Plans Against Kenya Foiled

CAIRO, September 2.

A SUCCESSION OF RAIDS WERE CARRIED OUT ON ASSAB (ERITREA) HARBOUR, BUILDINGS AND WAREHOUSES BY THE AIR FORCE BOMBERS YESTERDAY, STATES AN AIR FORCE 'COMMUNIQUE.'

Our aircraft attacked in a series of waves throughout the day. Two direct hits were registered on a large jetty and another on a small jetty. Many bombs hit the buildings and warehouses at the head of the jetty.

One petrol fire was started and burned for two hours; another petrol fire occurred after a heavy explosion and was seen burning fiercely by the following flight of bombers from a distance of 25 miles.

Direct hits were also registered on military barracks. Enemy anti-aircraft fire was heavy but all our aircraft returned safely.

Numerous reconnaissances were carried out over various parts of Italian East Africa and Somaliland. A seaplane, operated by a French crew, effected valuable reconnaissance in the Western Mediterranean.

The Cairo correspondent of the "Times" cables: It is estimated that several hundred Italian motor transport vehicles were destroyed in the highly successful raid made by the South African Air Force on August 29 on Mogadishu, capital of Italian Somaliland.

A large concentration of vehicles had been noticed there on previous reconnaissance flights.

The raid was carried out by successive waves of aircraft and by the time the last wave reached the target dense black smoke was rising from fires which had been started in the centre of a depot. Some fighter opposition was encountered, but this was not allowed to interfere with the carrying out of the attack according to plan. All our aircraft returned safely.

The destruction of this depot is thought likely to interfere for some time with any plans that the Italians may have had for following up their attack on British Somaliland with an offensive against Kenya.

The R.A.F. have made two other raids over Italian East Africa. The first of these was on the naval workshops at Massawa, where three large fires were started by direct hits and the second was at Tandehe, where a building was demolished.

U. S. Missionaries Machine-gunned

A cable received from Cairo says:—

Horror and indignation have been caused here by the bombing and machine-gunning of American missionaries of the Sudan Interior Mission by two Italian planes, killing Dr. and Mrs. Grieve and wounding the Rev. and Mrs. Oglesby, all Americans.

The attack was clearly deliberate since the Mission was completely isolated and at least 55 miles from any military objective which was moreover well-known to the Italians. When the planes soared low, Dr. Grieve and his wife ran out waving the American flag.

It is recalled here that ambulances were one of the chief Italian targets during the Abyssinian war, when mustard gas and high explosives were dropped on them.

Moreover, when the Italians captured the country they forced missionaries to leave in order to avoid independent eye-witnesses of their brutalities against the Africans. Thus Dr. Tom Lambie, who founded the original Sudan Interior Mission in Abyssinia, adopted Italian nationality in the hopes of being allowed to continue his work, but the mission was forced to close down. Dr. Lambie, after returning to America in order to reobtain American nationality, reopened the mission in the Sudan.—Reuter.

HAIFA BOMBED AGAIN

British Raids On Sardinia And Northern Italy

LONDON, Sept. 2.

Italians announce further enemy raid on Northern Italy and Sardinia.

Italian bombers raided Haifa yesterday for the fourth time since the beginning of the war. An official 'communique' states that a number of bombs were dropped. There were no fatal casualties and material damage was negligible. Raiders were driven off by anti-aircraft fire. The population remained calm.

ITALIANS OCCUPY BUNA?

It is stated in military quarters in London this morning that it is impossible either to confirm or deny the Italian claim that Italian Colonial troops have occupied Buna. It will be remembered that British troops retired to Buna after encounters at Moyale. It is well in advance of our main forces and is being held by light forces. It can be approached and attacked both from the north-west and north-east. There is also a road coming in from Italian Somaliland in the south. Thus it is not in a very good position to hold—Reuter.

DELAY MEANS DANGER

President Roosevelt And Menace To Freedom Of Individual

NASHVILLE, (Tennessee) Sept. 2.

"The greatest attack that has ever been launched against the freedom of the individual is nearer the Americas than ever before", declared President Roosevelt speaking at the dedication of a national park at Great Smoky Mountains.

President Roosevelt added: "To meet the attack, the United States must prepare beforehand, for, preparing later may and probably will be too late."

President Roosevelt also drew attention to the enemy at home which existed "in a mean and petty spirit that mocks at ideals, sneers at sacrifice and pretends that American people can live by bread alone"—Reuter.

G. B. S. ON AIR POWER

Mr. Bernard Shaw, writing in "The Manchester Guardian" says: 'The Germans have been preparing for the war for six years and their aeroplanes are out of date. Ours are still being made and they are newer and faster than theirs.'

NAZI DIPLOMACY

"A Japanese view of the worthlessness of Hitler's promises is given in the newspaper 'Asahi' by Hamada, its former Berlin correspondent, who says: 'When I was in Germany I worked out that on an average a Treaty was either repudiated or rendered worthless after about one-third of the terms of validity. This indicates an important characteristic of Nazi foreign diplomacy."

More Naval Vessels For Australia

MELBOURNE, Sept. 3.

The Prime Minister Mr. Menzies announced that 50 naval vessels are to be built in Australia to defend shipping from sub-marines, aircraft and mines.

Ships to be completed by the end of 1941 would be manned by Australians and named after Australian cities and towns. Seven shipyards are now engaged on naval construction to be reinforced by others for new work.—Reuter.

Dr. Weizman On

FEDERATION IN MIDDLE-EAST & INDIA'S ROLE

LONDON, Sept. 2.

The Indian National Committee gave a luncheon to Doctor Weizman, Zionist Leader who spoke on India, Middle-East and the war.

Dr. Weizman declared that it would be a calamity if an incurable breach was allowed to exist between India and Britain. He envisaged a federation between Palestine, Syria, Iraq, and Saudi-Arabia and hoped that India would give help to that federation.

Doctor C. B. Vakil, who presided, remarked that Dr. Weizman's projected federation would be unable to function without a strong Independent India.—Reuter.

UNREST IN FRENCH MOROCCO

Officers Support General De Gaulle

MADRID, Sept. 3.

The newspapers report from Tangiers that following the revolt in French Equatorial Africa there is unrest in the garrisons of French Morocco where many officers frankly support General De Gaulle.—Reuter.

NEW CALEDONIA MAY REVOLT

Council Resigns As Protest Against Vichy Govt. Action

LONDON, Sept. 2.

The Council of the French Island colony of New-Caledonia resigned in protest against the appointment of Lieut-Col. Denis as Governor by the Petain Government, according to Mr. Paul Patterson, publisher of the "Baltimore Eveningsun" now visiting the island, who has cabled to his newspaper saying that the Council which favours General de Gaulle, demands a general election, and adds if this is refused serious trouble may develop.—Reuter.

REVIVAL OF ITALO-GREEK DISPUTE?

Greece Discusses With Turkey On Possible Help In Case Of Aggression

ANKARA, Sept. 2.

It is understood, that informal Turco-Greek discussions have been proceeding recently with the object of establishing what aid, if any, Greece could expect from Turkey if she were a victim of aggression.

In some quarters here it is feared that there may be a revival of the Ltalo-Greek dispute. It is thought, that the lull hitherto may have been due to the need for the Axis powers to dispose of the Rumanian question first.—Reuter.

Unity Through Freedom

"C. R." Pleads For National Government

TINNEVELLY, Sept. 1

The Viceroy's statement had not satisfied any substantial opinion in the country, observed Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar addressing a meeting here.

Mr. Rajagopalachari declared that there was an urgency about the problem of Indian freedom which it would be the height of unwisdom on the part of the British Government to ignore. The country was threatened with danger and there was need for efficient preparation and reorganisation of Defence. Only a National Government deriving its power from the people said the speaker could rise to the occasion and tap the resources of the country. He added that if the British really wanted to see unity in this country they must grant freedom to the people forthwith.—A. P.

INDIAN PROFESSOR AT WARSAW

CALCUTTA. Sept. 3.

Prof. Hironmoy Ghosal, the only Indian at Warsaw when Poland was overcome by Germany, has, the 'United Press' understands, been permitted to start for India through the intervention of the American Consulate at Warsaw.

Prof. Ghosal was allowed to come to Italy from Poland a few days before Italy joined the war. From Italy Prof. Ghosal is coming by land route through Turkey.

Prof. Ghosal was a Professor at the Warsaw University.—United Press.

NEW CALEDONIA FAVOURS DE GAULLE

AUCKLAND, Sept. 2.

Eighty per cent of the people of Noumea, capital of the French colony of New Caledonia, favoured Gen. de Gaulle, according to passengers on board the Pan-American clipper, who spent four days at Noumea. They stated that on arrival here that the local Parliament had resigned as a protest against the Armistice. The only important people supporting the Petain Government were the new Governor, Lt.-Col. Denis, who commands the French troops in the Pacific, and some senior naval officers. Troops and ratings were hostile to the Vichy Government —Reuter.

Australian Air Defences

BRISBANE, Sept. 3.

A programme of expansion of air defences in North-Eastern Australia involving an expenditure of many millions on the establishments of aircraft and personnel was announced by Mr. Fadden, the Federal Air Minister.

The Command Headquarters will be established in Brisbane and will be operating from the new year. The proposed strength of the air force will be at least 8,500 officers and men. Nine large training schools are being established under the Empire Training Scheme.—Reuter.

Move To Stop Gambling In Burma

Bill To Be Circulated To Elicit Public Opinion

RANGOON, Sept. 3.

There was an interesting debate in the House of Representatives on U Ba Hlaing's Burma Gambling and Betting Tax (Amendment) Bill which is designed to stop gambling in the guise of pony racing.

The mover who was supported by several members, maintained that poor people suffered heavy losses through betting on races. The result was that crimes increased.

The Commerce Minister observed that the evils of horse racing were quite distinct from the evils of gambling. He asked the mover to wait for the evidence of the Committee appointed by Government to go into the conduct of horse racing and then bring forward the Bill if he was still dissatisfied. Meanwhile he suggested that the Bill be circulated to elicit public opinion.

The Forest Minister said that the Government was determined to suppress illegal gambling and crimes.

The amendment for circulation of the Bill was put to the house and carried.

Government have appointed a Committee of twelve comprising legislators, race horse owners and trainers to enquire into the control of race meetings and the policy of pony breeding in Burma. —A. P.

ATTACK ON BURMA 'DEFENCE' REGIME

Senate Rejects Resolution: Echo Of Ex-Premier's Prosecution

RANGOON, Sept. 3.

The Senate has rejected by 12 votes to 8 U. Kyai Din's resolution "strongly disapproving of the manner in which the Defence Act and the rules thereunder were being administered."

U. Kyaw Din while agreeing that the main object of the act was extremely laudable, expressed the opinion that the administration of the act had created a sense of dissatisfaction in the country. He then gave details of some of the prosecutions under the Defence of Burma Rules and alleged that the prosecution of Dr. Ba Maw, ex-Premier, was the "result of political rivalry."

U. Pu, the Premier, opposing the resolution, took strong exception to motives being attributed to Government for instituting prosecutions under the Defence of Burma Rules. He denied that Government was trying to stifle public opinion or prosecute people but if any attempt was made to create trouble in the country, Government must put the law into operation.—A. P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

A neutral correspondent in Occupied Paris writes in a London paper of June 16th, which has just come into my hands. He says: "Swastikas are flying over the Eiffel Tower and the Arc de Triomphe, but Paris is like a city of the dead.

The chief movement is from thousands of German troops who are still pouring into the city.

There are Germans everywhere.

There are people on the Champs Elysees and the other boulevards. But they are German soldiers, strolling about looking at the sights of the city. Otherwise the boulevards are deserted. Over the city there is a graveyard hush at night. I stood by the tomb of the Unknown Soldier under the Arc de Triomphe this morning.

While I was there dozens of French women made a pilgrimage there. They cried bitterly.

The French in Paris are still shocked and numbed by what has happened.

Even time seems to have stopped still. The huge clock over the Gare St. Lazare is stopped. Not that it matters now, for there are no trains running from the station."

And to think that I used once to say to myself: "See Paris and live"

* * *

A somewhat sensational book published by Messrs Allen & Unwin at 5sh. is "Heil Hunger!" by Dr. Martin Gumpert. In it he describes the deterioration of German health under Hitler. Some of the facts therein revealed are staggering. It says that ten thousand Jewish doctors have been eliminated from the medical services leaving 38,000 in the Reich; of these one-third are in the forces, and those who remain for the care of civilians are in the proportion of one to 3,000. These conditions are inevitably reflected in the health of the Nazi army, and strange methods are being used to produce ersatz health among the troops. Recently there have been many experiments with drugs administered to soldiers with a view to increasing efficiency. The inclusion of dextrin and other medicaments in the food of exhausted soldiers is proposed. A new dugs, "Pervitin", is administered to soldiers to make possible a "high physical performance to the point of complete exhaustion." Cases of war-shocked soldiers, hysteria, and other nervous ailments are not to be removed from the war zone. The sufferers are to be regarded as cowards and deprived of psychological treatment.

Rs. 20 Lacs Canal For Sind

Will Help To Irrigate Over Lac Of Acres

KARACHI, Septemer 1.

A forty-mile long new canal called 'Daro' canal in Karachi district constructed at a cost of Rs. 20,00,000 designed to serve as a feeder for the ten existing inundation canals is nearing completion. It will bring under irrigation over a lakh of acres of new land.

The canal takes off about six miles down the head of Piniari Canal in Shahbunder division and will have discharge of 4,000 cubes. It is expected to be in full regime before khariff season next year.—A. P.

Another Ahmedabad Mill Closed Down

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 3.

About a dozen mills have closed down in Ahmedabad during the last two years to which one more mill—the New Standard Mill—has been added.

The Mill employs about 1,000 workers.—A.P.

WARDHA.—Sj. Pukharajji Kochar, M. L. A., Hinganghat, has donated Rs. 1,000 to the Marwari Education Society. He will according to the constitution of the Mandal now become the life member of the Mandal.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE RINGER

SCOTLAND YARD?.. LET ME HAVE INSPECTOR WADE ... HURRY!
10-17
FOR YOU, JIM/ THAT GUY, MEISTER!
WHAT DOES THAT WEASEL WANT?
YOU'RE SEEING THINGS, MEISTER! YOU NEED GLASSES!
I DEMAND PROTECTION/ I TELL YOU THE RINGER IS ALIVE/ HE'S AFTER ME!
Copr 1940, King Features Syndicate, Inc., World rights reserved.
THE RINGER ALIVE? PIPEDREAMS/
HMM.. WE'VE BEEN TRYING TO PROVE THAT MEISTER IS A FOREIGN AGENT, DON/ PERHAPS THIS MAY SERVE AS AN EXCUSE TO CHECK ON MEISTER/

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